

FULL YEAR REPORT

ASX Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report
Directors' Report
Auditor's Independence Declaration
Financial Report
Audit Report

30 JUNE 2013



Bentley Capital Limited A.B.N. 87 008 108 218

CORPORATE OFFICE:

Suite 1, 346 Barker Road Subiaco, Western Australia 6008 Advanced Share Registry Limited
Suite 2, 150 Stirling Highway Level 6, 225 Cl
Nedlands, Western Australia 6009 Sydney, New 9
PO Box 1156, Nedlands, PO Box Q1736,
Western Australia 6909 Queen Victoria

T | (08) 9389 8033 F | (08) 9389 7871

E | admin@advancedshare.com.au W | www.advancedshare.com.au

SHARE REGISTRY:

Level 6, 225 Clarence Street Sydney, New South Wales 2000 PO Box Q1736, Queen Victoria Building, New South Wales 1230 T | (02) 8096 3502

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Suite 202, Angela House 30-36 Bay Street Double Bay, New South Wales 2028

T | (02) 9363 5088 F | (02) 9363 5488

T | (08) 9214 9757 F | (08) 9322 1515 E | info@bel.com.au W | www.bel.com.au

CONTENTS CORPORATE DIRECTORY

ASX Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report Results for Announcement to the Market	2	BOARD Farooq Khan William M. Johnson Christopher B. Ryan	Executive Chairman Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director
Company Profile	6	COMPANY SECRETA	ARY
Directors' Report	7	Victor P. H. Ho	
Remuneration Report	19	PERTH CORPORATI Suite 1, 346 Barker Roa	
Auditor's Independence Declaration	25	Subiaco, Western Aus Telephone:	
Consolidated Statement of	26	Facsimile:	(08) 9322 1515
Profit or Loss and		Email:	info@bel.com.au
Comprehensive Income		Website:	www.bel.com.au
Consolidated Statement of	27		
Financial Position		SYDNEY (REGISTER Suite 202, Angela Hou	,
Consolidated Statement of	28	30-36 Bay Street	
Changes in Equity		Double Bay, New Sou	th Wales 2028
		Telephone:	(02) 9363 5088
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	29	Facsimile:	(02) 9363 5488
Notes to Consolidated Financial	30		
Statements		AUDITORS	r . 1
Directors/ Declaration		BDO Audit (WA) Pty	Lta
Directors' Declaration	57	38 Station Street	. 1: <000
In donor dont Arrill Donort	F 0	Subiaco, Western Aus	
Independent Audit Report	58	Telephone: Facsimile:	(08) 6382 4600
Investment Mandate	60	Website:	(08) 6382 4601 www.bdo.com.au
Securities Information	61		
Securities information	61	STOCK EXCHANGE	
		310CK EACHANGE	

Visit www.bel.com.au for:

- Latest News
- Market Announcements
- Financial Reports

Register your email with us to receive latest Company announcements and releases

EMAIL US AT: info@bel.com.au

Australian Securities Exchange Sydney, New South Wales

ASX CODE

BEL

SHARE REGISTRY

Advanced Share Registry Services Suite 2, 150 Stirling Highway Nedlands, Western Australia 6009

Telephone: (08) 9389 8033 Facsimile: (08) 9389 7871 Email: admin@advancedshare.com.au Investor Web: www.advancedshare.com.au

Level 6, 225 Clarence Street Sydney, New South Wales 2000

Telephone: (02) 8096 3502

Current Reporting Period: Financial year ended year ended 30 June 2013 Previous Corresponding Period: Financial year ended year ended 30 June 2012

30 June 2013 Balance Date:

Company: Bentley Capital Limited (BEL or the Company)

Consolidated Entity: BEL and controlled entities

RESULTS FOR ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE MARKET

CONSOLIDATED	June 2013 \$'000	June 2012 \$'000	% Change	Up/ Down
Net gain on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	227	-	N/A	N/A
Dividends	288	8	3500%	Up
Interest	256	324	21%	Down
Other investment-related revenue	171	241	29%	Down
Total revenue	942	573	64%	Up
Net loss on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	-	(1,182)	N/A	N/A
Salaries, fees and employee benefits	(483)	(688)	30%	Down
Accounting, taxation and related administration expenses	(137)	(129)	6%	Up
Other corporate and administration expenses	(659)	(599)	10%	Up
Total expenses	(1,279)	(2,598)	51%	Down
Loss before tax	(337)	(2,025)	83%	Down
Income tax benefit/(expense)	-	-	N/A	N/A
Loss after tax attributable to members	(337)	(2,025)	83%	Down
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents)	(0.46)	(2.77)	83%	Down
Pre-tax NTA backing per share (cents)	24.48	27.28	10%	Down
Post-tax NTA backing per share (cents)	24.48	27.28	10%	Down
Pre and post-tax NTA backing per share (cents) (with capital returns during the 2012/13 year added back)	26.48	27.28	3%	Down

Subsequent to the Balance Date:

- The Consolidated Entity has earned a net profit of \$0.942 million (to 31 July 2013) (unaudited), principally as a consequence of a \$1.031 million unrealised gain and a \$0.022 million realised loss on share investments.
- The Consolidated Entity's 31 July 2013 pre and post tax net tangible asset (NTA) backing was 25.76 cents per share (unaudited) which equates to a performance of +5.23% since Balance Date.

BRIEF EXPLANATION OF RESULTS

- (1) The Consolidated Entity's principal activities during the year comprise share investment and trading and through its new operating subsidiary, Devisd Pty Limited (Devisd), software and web technology applications development.
 - With respect to its share investment and trading activities, the Consolidated Entity generated a net gain of \$0.227 million. Devisd's operations incurred \$0.537 million in net losses and capitalised software and applications development expenditure, leading to the Consolidated Entity incurring an overall net loss of \$0.337 million (pre- and post-tax) during the financial year (2012: \$2.025 million net loss (pre and post tax)).
- The Consolidated Entity's 12 month after-tax NTA performance to 30 June 2013 was -2.93% (with (2) capital returns during the 2012/13 year added back) (2012: -10.47% with dividends, capital returns and share buy-backs during the 2011/12 year added back).
- (3) Gross interest, dividend and other investment revenue were \$0.715 million (2012: \$0.573 million).
- (4) The \$0.227 million net gain result in relation to the Consolidated Entity's investments comprised \$0.535 million net unrealised gain and \$0.308 million net realised loss (2012: \$0.355 million net unrealised gain and \$1.537 million net realised loss), with material contributions being as follows:
 - FSP Fund \$1.269 million unrealised gain (2012: \$1.093 million realised loss (net of reversal of previous years' unrealised gains on disposal) and \$2.189 million unrealised loss);
 - MEO Australia Limited (ASX: MEO) \$1.447 million realised loss (net of reversal of previous (b) years' unrealised gains on disposal) (2012: \$1.797 million unrealised gain and \$0.336 million realised gain (net of reversal of previous years' unrealised gains on disposal));
 - Beach Energy Limited (ASX: BPT) \$0.454 million realised gain (net of reversal of previous (c) years' unrealised losses on disposal) and \$0.188 million unrealised loss (2012: \$0.399 million unrealised loss);
 - (d) Cash Converters International Limited (ASX: CCV) - \$0.305 million realised gain (2012: Nil);
 - Other listed and unlisted securities \$0.380 million realised gain and \$0.546 million unrealised (e) loss (2012: \$1.146 million unrealised gain and \$0.780 million realised loss).
- The Consolidated Entity's new technology software/applications development division (via Devisd (5) established in July 2012) contributed a net loss of \$0.225 million (2012: Nil).

DIVIDENDS

The Directors have not declared a final dividend for the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

The Company did not pay any dividends during the financial year.

CAPITAL RETURNS

The Company distributed a total of 2 cents as a return of capital (at a total cost of \$1.467 million) during the financial year, as follows:

Capital Return	Record Date	Payment Date
1 cent per share	15 April 2013	18 April 2013
1 cent per share	26 November 2012	30 November 2012

The Directors have determined to seek shareholder approval at the 2013 AGM for the Company to undertake a one cent per share return of capital (Return of Capital).

The Return of Capital is to be effected by the Company seeking shareholder approval for a reduction in the share capital of the Company by returning one cent per share to shareholders - this equates to an aggregate reduction of share capital by approximately \$0.733 million based upon the Company's 73,350,541 shares currently on issue.

No shares will be cancelled as a result of the Return of Capital. Accordingly, the number of shares held by each shareholder will not change as a consequence of the Return of Capital. The Return of Capital will have no effect on the number of shares on issue.

The Return of Capital is subject to shareholder approval which will be sought at the Company's upcoming 2013 annual general meeting (**AGM**) scheduled for late November 2013.

Meeting documentation advising details of the AGM together with relevant explanatory materials will be despatched to shareholders and lodged on the ASX in due course. The meeting documentation will include details of the record date for determining eligibility to participate in the Return of Capital and the expected payment date, assuming the requisite resolution is passed by shareholders.

If all conditions are met, including shareholder approval, the Directors aim to distribute the Return of Capital in early December 2013.

COMMENTARY ON RESULTS AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION

- (1) The Consolidated Entity's 12 month after-tax net tangible asset (NTA) performance to 30 June 2013 was -2.93% (with capital returns during the 2012/13 year added back) (2012: -10.47% with dividends, capital returns and share buy-backs during the 2011/12 year added back).
- (2) The Company did not declare any dividends for the financial year (2012: one cent fully franked final dividend and a 2.4 cent fully franked special dividend¹ in September 2011 totalling \$0.726 million and \$1.742 million respectively).
- The Company returned one cent per share to shareholders twice, in November 2012 and April 2013, (3) at a total cost of \$1.467 million as approved by shareholders on 16 November 2012² and 5 April 2013³ respectively (2012: five cents and one cent per share to shareholders in October 2011 and April 2012 respectively (totalling \$3.673 million and \$0.733 million respectively) as approved by shareholders on 4 October 2011⁴ and 4 April 2012⁵ respectively).

Refer 25 August 2011 ASX market announcement "Dividends and Proposed Capital Return".

Refer Bentley's Notice of Annual General Meeting dated 12 October 2012 and released on ASX on 18 October 2012 for a general meeting held on 16 November 2012.

Refer Bentley's Notice of General Meeting dated 28 February 2013 and released on ASX on 7 March 2013 for a general meeting held on 5

Refer Bentley's Notice of General Meeting dated 26 August 2011 and released on ASX on 1 September 2011 for a general meeting held on

Refer Bentley's Notice of General Meeting dated 29 February 2012 and released on ASX on 2 March 2012 for a general meeting held on 4 April 2012.

- The Company reduced its share capital and accumulated losses by \$0.781 million in accordance with (4)approval given at the 2012 AGM. This did not result in the return of capital to shareholders or the cancellation of shares, but allows the Company to remove historical accumulated accounting losses from its books that affect its ability to retain current and future earnings, on which dividends may potentially be paid in future.
- A significant portion of the Consolidated Entity's funds are held under management by Sydney-(5) based fund manager, FSP Equities Management, in the wholesale FSP Equities Leaders Fund (FSP Fund):
 - As at 30 June 2013, the Consolidated Entity had 37.39% (\$6.831 million) of its net assets (a) invested in the FSP Fund (2012: 27.71% and \$5.562 million).
 - The 12-month performance of the FSP Fund to 30 June 2013 was +25.7% (2012: -12.0%) (b) compared with its benchmark performance (S&P/ASX 200 Accumulation Index) of +22.8% (2012: -6.7%).
- There were no entitlements arising under the Company's Performance Bonus Scheme (PBS) (which (6) was implemented on 1 May 2010) during the financial year (2012: nil). The conditions for payment to members of the Investment Committee are related to the Consolidated Entity's financial performance (based on the change in the Consolidated Entity's net asset value relative to the Benchmark ASX All Ordinaries Index) during each half-year period. Please refer to the Remuneration Report within the Directors' Report for further details in relation to the PBS.

Please refer to the Directors' Report and financial statements and notes for further information on a review of the Consolidated Entity's operations and the financial position and performance of the Consolidated Entity for the year ended 30 June 2013.

CONTROLLED ENTITIES and ASSOCIATES and JOINT VENTURE ENTITIES

The Company incorporated two wholly owned subsidiaries: Devisd Pty Limited on 12 July 2012 (formerly Bentley Technologies Pty Limited) and Bentley Portfolio No.1 Pty Ltd on 26 March 2013.

Devisd Pty Limited incorporated two wholly owned subsidiaries: ShopBites Pty Limited on 23 January 2013 and rdrct.it Pty Limited on 27 March 2013.

The Company did not gain or lose control over any other entities during the financial year. The Company did not have any interest in associates or joint venture entities during the financial year.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (AGM)

Pursuant to the ASX Listing Rules, the Company gives notice that its 2013 AGM is expected to be held in Perth, Western Australia in late November 2013.

For and on behalf of the Directors,

Victor Ho

Company Secretary Telephone: (08) 9214 9757 Email: cosec@bel.com.au

Date: 30 August 2013

COMPANY PROFILE

Bentley Capital Limited has been listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) since October 1986 as an investment company (ASX Code: BEL). Bentley's investment objectives are to:

- Achieve a high real rate of return over the medium term, ideally comprising both revenue and capital growth, whilst operating within acceptable risk parameters set by the Board; and
- Deliver a regular revenue stream for shareholders in the form of franked dividends.

As at 30 June 2013, Bentley had net tangible assets (NTA) of \$17.956 million (at \$0.2448 cents post-tax NTA backing per share), 73,350,541 fully paid ordinary shares on issue, and 1,986 shareholders on its share register.

NET ASSET WEIGHTINGS

	30 June 2	013	31 Decembe	er 2012	30 June	2012
Net Assets	\$'m	%	\$'m	%	\$'m	%
Australian equities ¹	13.06	71.5	12.34	63.8	15.17	75.6
Intangible assets and resource projects ²	0.31	1.7	0.13	0.7	0.06	0.3
Provision for income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net cash on deposit/other assets/provisions	4.90	26.8	6.85	35.5	4.84	24.1
Total Net Assets	18.27	100.0	19.32	100.0	20.07	100.0
NTA backing per share	\$0.244	3	\$0.262	5	\$0.272	28
Adjusted NTA backing per share	\$0.2648		N/A		N/A	Λ
(with capital returns during the 2012/13 year ad	lded back)					

Includes an investment in the FSP Equities Leaders Fund.

MAJOR HOLDINGS

A summary of Bentley's major investment holdings (by value and as a percentage of net assets) is:

	ASX		30 Ju	ne 2013	31 Dece	mber 2012	30 Jur	e 2012
Security	Code	Industry Sector	\$'m	0/0	\$'m	0/0	\$'m	%
FSP Equities Leaders Fund		Diversified	6.83	37.4	6.44	33.3	5.56	27.7
Beach Energy Limited	BPT	Energy	1.02	5.6	1.33	6.9	0.58	2.9
Chorus Limited	CNU	Telecommunications	0.70	3.8	0.60	3.1	-	-
National Australia Bank Limited	NAB	Banking	0.64	3.5	0.54	2.8	-	-
Other listed securities		Various	3.87	21.2	3.43	17.7	9.03	45.0

CAPITAL RETURNS

Capital Return	Record Date	Payment Date
One cent per share	To be advised, subject to approval at the 2013 AG	GM to be held in late November 2013
One cent per share	15 April 2013	18 April 2013
One cent per share	26 November 2012	30 November 2012
One cent per share	16 April 2012	19 April 2012
Five cents per share	12 October 2011	14 October 2011

DIVIDENDS

Rate per share	Record Date	Payment Date	Franking	DRP Issue Price
2.4 cents (Special)	5 September 2011	26 September 2011	100%	\$0.2188
One cent	5 September 2011	26 September 2011	100%	\$0.2188
One cent	10 March 2011	17 March 2011	100%	\$0.2429
One cent	22 September 2010	30 September 2010	100%	\$0.2325
One cent	8 March 2010	15 March 2010	100%	\$0.2952
One cent	28 October 2009	30 October 2009	100%	\$0.2689

Includes the value of capitalised software development and tenement applications costs (where applicable).

The Directors present their Directors' Report on Bentley Capital Limited ABN 87 008 108 218 (Company or BEL) and its controlled entities (the Consolidated Entity or Bentley) for the financial year ended 30 June 2013 (Balance Date).

BEL is a company limited by shares that was incorporated in South Australia in June 1986 and has been listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) since October 1986 (ASX Code: BEL).

The Company has prepared a consolidated financial report incorporating the entities that it controlled during the financial year, being wholly owned subsidiaries - Scarborough Equities Pty Ltd ACN 061 287 045, Scarborough Resources Pty Ltd ACN 150 394 291, Devisd Pty Limited ACN 159 456 149, Bentley Portfolio No.1 Pty Ltd ACN 163 043 230, ShopBites Pty Limited ACN 162 057 114 and rdrct.it Pty Limited ACN 163 045 930.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

BEL is a listed investment company. Since admission to ASX in 1986, the principal investment objective of the Company was to invest in equity securities listed on the world's major stock markets.

Bentley's investment objectives are to:

- Achieve a high real rate of return over the medium term, ideally comprising both income and capital growth, whilst operating within acceptable risk parameters set by the Board; and
- Deliver a regular income stream for shareholders in the form of franked dividends.

Within its broader investment mandate⁶, Bentley is focussing on several key investment sectors which the Board believes offer the opportunity to collectively generate overall returns for shareholders materially in excess of Bentley's benchmark All Ordinaries Index⁷:

- (1)Strategic investments in listed companies with either an active or passive participation;
- (2)Corporate financing;
- (3) Promotion of IPOs; and
- (4) Participation in, and funding of, corporate restructurings.

Bentley established a technological division in July 2012 to provide exposure to the potentially valuable internet and social media applications and software sector.

NET TANGIBLE ASSET BACKING

CONSOLIDATED	June 2013 \$'000	June 2012 \$'000
Net assets (before tax on unrealised gains)	18,268	20,072
Less: Intangible assets and resource projects	(312)	(65)
Net tangible assets (before tax on unrealised gains)	17,956	20,007
Pre-tax NTA backing per share (cents)	24.48	27.28
Less: Net deferred tax asset/liabilities	-	-
Net tangible assets (after tax on unrealised gains)	17,956	20,007
Post-tax NTA backing per share (cents)	24.48	27.28
Value of dividends, capital returns and share buy-backs in previous 12 months	1,467	7,019
Adjusted Pre- and post-tax NTA backing per share (cents) (with capital returns during the 2012/13 year added back)	26.48	N/A
Based on total issued shares	73,350,541	73,350,541

Approved by shareholders on 25 February 2009; refer Bentley's Notice of Meeting dated 15 January 2009 and released on ASX on 23 January 2009; also reproduced in the Investment Mandate Section at page 60 of this report.

Refer 10 May 2010 ASX market announcement "Appointment of Chief Investment Officer and Implementation of Investment Strategy".

Bentley notes that its 31 July 2013 pre and post tax net tangible asset (NTA) backing was 25.76 cents per share (unaudited) which equates to a performance of +5.23% since Balance Date.

Bentley's 12-month, after-tax NTA performance to 30 June 2013 was -2.93% (with capital returns during the 2012/13 year added back) (2012: -10.47% with dividends, capital returns and share buy-backs during the 2011/12 year added back).

Bentley returned one cent per share to shareholders twice in November 2012 and April 2013 at a total cost of \$1.467 million, as approved by shareholders on 16 November 20128 and 5 April 20139 respectively (2012: five cents and one cent per share to shareholders in October 2011 and April 2012 respectively (totalling \$3.672 million and \$0.733 million respectively) as approved by shareholders on 4 October 201110 and 4 April 2012¹¹ respectively).

OPERATING RESULTS

CONSOLIDATED	June 2013 \$'000	June 2012 \$'000
Net gain on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	227	-
Dividends	288	8
Interest	256	324
Other investment-related revenue	171	241
Total revenue	942	573
Net loss on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	-	(1,182)
Salaries, fees and employee benefits	(483)	(688)
Accounting, taxation and related administration expenses	(137)	(129)
Other corporate and administration expenses	(659)	(599)
Total expenses	(1,279)	(2,598)
Loss before tax	(337)	(2,025)
Income tax benefit / (expense)		
Loss after tax attributable to members	(337)	(2,025)

Subsequent to the Balance Date, Bentley has earned a net profit of \$0.942 million (to 31 July 2013) (unaudited), principally as a consequence of a \$1.031 million unrealised gain and a \$0.022 million realised loss on share investments.

Bentley's principal activities during the year comprise share investment and trading and through its new operating subsidiary, Devisd Pty Limited (Devisd), software and web technology applications development.

With respect to its share investment and trading activities, Bentley generated a net gain of \$0.227 million. Devisd's operations incurred \$0.537 million in net losses and capitalised software and applications development expenditure, leading to Bentley incurring an overall net loss of \$0.337 million (pre and post tax) during the financial year (2012: \$2.025 million net loss (pre and post tax)).

Refer Bentley's Notice of Annual General Meeting dated 12 October 2012 and released on ASX on 18 October 2012 for a general meeting held on 16 November 2012.

Refer Bentley's Notice of General Meeting dated 28 February 2013 and released on ASX on 7 March 2013 for a general meeting held on 5

¹⁰ Refer Bentley's Notice of General Meeting dated 26 August 2011 and released on ASX on 1 September 2011 for a general meeting held on

Refer Bentley's Notice of General Meeting dated 29 February 2012 and released on ASX on 2 March 2012 for a general meeting held on 4 April 2012.

Gross interest, dividend and other investment revenue were \$0.715 million (2012: \$0.573 million).

The \$0.227 million net gain result in relation to Bentley's investments comprised \$0.535 million net unrealised gain and \$0.308 million net realised loss (2012: \$0.355 million unrealised gain and \$1.537 million net realised loss), with material contributions being as follows:

- FSP Fund \$1.269 million unrealised gain (2012: \$1.093 million realised loss (net of reversal of previous years' unrealised gains on disposal) and \$2.189 million unrealised loss);
- MEO Australia Ltd (ASX: MEO) \$1.447 million realised loss (net of reversal of previous years' (b) unrealised gains on disposal) (2012: \$1.797 million unrealised gain and \$0.336 million realised gain (net of reversal of previous years' unrealised gains on disposal));
- Beach Energy Limited (ASX: BPT) \$0.454 million realised gain (net of reversal of previous years' (c) unrealised losses on disposal) and \$0.188 million unrealised loss (2012: \$0.399 million unrealised loss);
- Cash Converters International Limited (ASX: CCV) \$0.305 million realised gain (2012: Nil); and (d)
- Other listed and unlisted securities \$0.380 million realised gain and \$0.546 million unrealised loss (e) (2012: \$1.146 million unrealised gain and \$0.780 million realised loss).

Bentley's new technology software/applications development division (via Devisd established in July 2012) contributed net loss of \$0.225 million (2012: Nil).

LOSS PER SHARE

CONSOLIDATED	June 2013	June 2012
Loss per share (cents)	(0.46)	(2.77)

FINANCIAL POSITION

CONSOLIDATED	June 2013 \$'000	June 2012 \$'000
Investments	13,058	15,171
Cash	4,892	4,948
Net deferred tax asset/liabilities	-	-
Resource projects	-	65
Intangible assets	312	-
Other assets	324	244
Liabilities	(318)	(356)
Net assets	18,268	20,072
Issued capital	19,820	22,068
Accumulated losses	(1,552)	(1,996)
Total equity	18,268	20,072

DIVIDENDS

The Directors have not declared a final dividend for the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

The Company did not pay any dividends during the financial year.

CAPITAL RETURNS

The Company distributed a total of 2 cents per share as returns of capital (at a total cost of \$1.467 million) during the financial year, as follows:

Capital Return	Record Date	Payment Date
1 cent per share	15 April 2013	18 April 2013
1 cent per share	26 November 2012	30 November 2012

The Directors have determined to seek shareholder approval at the 2013 AGM for the Company to undertake a one cent per share return of capital (Return of Capital).

It is the Company's understanding that 2010 changes to the Corporations Act permits the payment of dividends based on a company 'balance sheet' / solvency test and not based on whether a company has a net However, subsequent pronouncements from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) and Commonwealth Treasury have raised issues with a company's ability to pay a dividend where they do not have a profit (i.e. either a current year net profit, unrealised 'capital profit' or retained earnings) notwithstanding the Company's understanding of the intended effect of the Corporations Act changes. Draft legislation released by Parliament late in 2012 (yet to be enacted) appears to confirm the ATO and Treasury position.

Based upon the pronouncements issued by the ATO and Commonwealth Treasury, the Company is unable to pay a fully franked dividend. The Company however currently holds uninvested capital in the form of cash and is therefore in a position to return capital to shareholders. Given the ongoing uncertainty in relation to the Company's ability to pay a dividend, the Directors have determined that it is appropriate for the Company to undertake the Return of Capital.

The Return of Capital is to be effected by the Company seeking shareholder approval for a reduction in the share capital of the Company by returning one cent per share to shareholders - this equates to an aggregate reduction of share capital by approximately \$0.733 million based upon the Company's 73,350,541 shares currently on issue.

No shares will be cancelled as a result of the Return of Capital. Accordingly, the number of shares held by each shareholder will not change as a consequence of the Return of Capital. The Return of Capital will have no effect on the number of shares on issue.

The Return of Capital is subject to shareholder approval which will be sought at the Company's upcoming 2013 annual general meeting (AGM) scheduled for late November 2013.

Meeting documentation advising details of the AGM together with relevant explanatory materials will be despatched to shareholders and lodged on the ASX in due course. The meeting documentation will include details of the record date for determining eligibility to participate in the Return of Capital and the expected payment date, assuming the requisite resolution is passed by shareholders.

If all conditions are met, including shareholder approval, the Directors aim to distribute the Return of Capital in early December 2013.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Securities on Issue

The Company has 73,350,541 (30 June 2012: 73,350,541) fully paid, ordinary shares on issue. All such shares are listed on ASX. The Company has no other securities on issue.

On-Market Share Buy-Back

The Company's on-market share buy-back initiative (Buy-Back)¹² expired on 31 August 2012 after 12 months¹³.

No shares were bought-back under the Buy-Back during the financial year (2012: 665,961 shares bought back at a cost of \$0.144 million).

Capital Returns

As described above, the Company returned one cent per share to shareholders on 16 November 2012¹⁴ and 5 April 2013¹⁵ (at a total cost of \$1.467 million) during the financial year pursuant to shareholders' approvals.

Reduction in Share Capital and Accumulated Losses

The Company reduced its share capital and accumulated losses by \$0.781 million per share in accordance with approval given at the 2012 AGM. This did not result in the return of capital to shareholders or the cancellation of shares, but allows the Company to remove historical accumulated accounting losses from its books that affect its ability to retain current and future earnings, on which dividends may potentially be paid in future.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Net Asset Weightings

A summary of Bentley's net asset weighting (by value and as a percentage of net assets) is:

17 Summary of Denticy 3 liet asset weighting (by variet and as a percentage of liet assets) is.						
	30 June 2013		31 Decembe	er 2012	30 June 2012	
Net Assets	\$'m	%	\$'m	%	\$'m	%
Australian equities 1	13.06	71.5	12.34	63.8	15.17	75.6
Intangible assets and resource projects ²	0.31	1.7	0.13	0.7	0.06	0.3
Provision for income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net cash on deposit/other assets/provisions	4.90	26.8	6.85	35.5	4.84	24.1
Total Net Assets	18.27	100.0	19.32	100.0	20.07	100.0
NTA backing per share	\$0.2448	3	\$0.2625	5	\$0.272	28
Adjusted NTA backing per share	\$0.2648	3	N/A		N/A	1
(with capital returns during the 2012/13 year add	led back)					

Includes an investment in the FSP Equities Leaders Fund

^{2.} Includes the value of capitalised software development and tenement applications costs (where applicable)

¹² Refer 17 August 2011 ASX market announcement "Intention to Conduct On-Market Share Buy-Back" and Appendix 3C - Announcement of Buy-Back dated 17 August 2011.

¹³ Refer Appendix 3F Final Share Buy-Back Notice released on ASX on 10 September 2012.

Refer Bentley's Notice of Annual General Meeting dated 12 October 2012 and released on ASX on 18 October 2012 for a general meeting held on 16 November 2012.

Refer Bentley's Notice of General Meeting dated 28 February 2013 and released on ASX on 7 March 2013 for a general meeting held on 5 April 2013.

Major Holdings

A summary of Bentley's major investment holdings (by value and as a percentage of net assets) is:

	ASX		30 Jui	ne 2013		mber 2012	-	e 2012
Security	Code	Industry Sector	\$′m	%	\$'m	0/0	\$′m	%
FSP Equities Leaders Fund	-	Diversified	6.83	37.4	6.44	33.3	5.56	27.7
Beach Energy Limited	BPT	Energy	1.02	5.6	1.33	6.9	0.58	2.9
Chorus Limited	CNU	Telecommunications	0.70	3.8	0.60	3.1	-	-
National Australia Bank Limited	NAB	Banking	0.64	3.5	0.54	2.8	-	-
Other listed securities	-	Various	3.87	21.2	3.43	17.7	9.03	45.0

Subsequent to 30 June 2013 year end and to 23 August 2013, Bentley:

- (1)Realised \$3.132 million from the sale of listed securities; and
- Invested a further \$3.321 million in listed securities. (2)

FSP Equities Leaders Fund 16

As at 30 June 2013, Bentley had 37.39% (\$6.831 million) of its net assets invested in the FSP Equities Leaders Fund (FSP Fund) (2012: 27.71% and \$5.562 million).

The 12 month performance of the FSP Fund to 30 June 2013 was +25.7% (2012: -12.0%) compared with its benchmark performance (S&P/ASX 200 Accumulation Index) of +22.8% (2012: -6.7%).

In July 2013, Bentley received \$0.160 million (2012: \$0.209 million) income distributions from the FSP Fund in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2013. The 30 June 2013 carrying value above is "ex" entitlement to this income distribution.

Bentley's investment in the FSP Fund has generated an unrealised gain of \$1.269 million for the financial year (2012: \$1.093 million realised loss (net of reversal of previous years' unrealised gains on disposal) and \$2.189 million unrealised loss). The investment's unrealised gain (from historical cost) is \$0.358 million (2012: \$1.363 million unrealised loss).

The FSP Fund is a wholesale fund not open to retail investors. The objective of the fund is to outperform the S&P/ASX 200 Accumulation Index over the medium term. The Investment Manager is "style neutral" and invests in growth stocks, value stocks, stocks with maintainable dividend yields and special situations.

Bentley is able to redeem its investment in the FSP Fund at short notice without any exit fees.

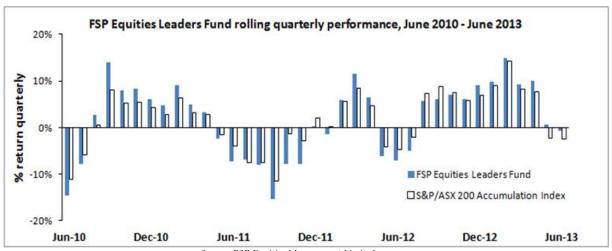
FSP Fund details provided to the Company as at 30 June 2013 are as follows:

- The equity weighting was 96.17% (30 June 2012: 97.50%);
- 92.16% of the equity portfolio is invested in companies contained within the S&P/ASX 200 Index (30 June 2012: 81.81%) with the balance of 7.84% invested in companies outside of the S&P/ASX 200 Index (30 June 2012: 18.19%); and
- The equity portfolio contained 42 holdings (30 June 2012: 57 holdings).

Based on information provided by investment manager, FSP Equities Management Limited.

FSP Fund Returns To: 30 June 2013	1mth (%)	3mths (%)	6mths (%)	1yr (%)	2yrs (% p.a.)	3yrs (% p.a.)	Since Inception (% p.a.)
FSP Fund	-2.5%	-0.7%	8.6%	25.7%	5.1%	9.2%	9.3%
ASX/S&P 200 Accumulation Index	-2.3%	-2.5%	5.5%	22.8%	7.0%	8.6%	7.8%

Returns To: 31 July 2013	1mth (%)	3mths (%)	6mths (%)	1yr (%)	2yrs (% p.a.)	3yrs (% p.a.)	Since Inception (% p.a.)
FSP Fund	5.6%	-0.6%	9.3%	28.3%	8.6%	8.6%	9.8%
ASX/S&P 200 Accumulation Index	5.2%	-1.9%	5.7%	23.8%	12.0%	8.8%	8.2%



Source: FSP Equities Management Limited

Notes:

- (a) Shows the net return of the fund over the preceding 3 months for each quarter, compared with that of the benchmark ASX/S&P 200 Accumulation Index.
- (b) The information in the table is historical and the past performance of the FSP Equity Leaders Fund is not a reliable predictor of the future performance of such fund; FSP have not made any representation to the Company that it will achieve any specific future rate of return on the fund.

FSP Fun		
ASX Code	Asset Name	Fund Weight 30-Jun-13
WBC	WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION	9.8%
CBA	COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA	9.5%
ANZ	ANZ BANKING GROUP LIMITED	9.1%
BHP	BHP BILLITON LIMITED	6.5%
FLT	FLIGHT CENTRE LTD	3.7%
SUN	SUNCORP GROUP LIMITED	3.2%
NAB	NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LIMITED	3.1%
OSH	OIL SEARCH LIMITED	3.0%
TCL	TRANSURBAN GROUP	2.9%
HGG	HENDERSON GROUP	2.8%
MMS	MCMILLAN SHAKESPEARE LIMITED	2.7%
IVC	INVOCARE LIMITED	2.5%
BTT	BT INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	2.4%
APA	APA GROUP	2.4%
FXL	FLEXIGROUP LIMITED	2.3%
DUE	DUET GROUP	2.2%
IFL	IOOF HOLDINGS LIMITED	2.0%
BRG	BREVILLE GROUP LIMITED	1.9%
LLC	LEND LEASE LIMITED	1.8%
RFG	RETAIL GROUP FOOD LIMITED	1.8%

FSP Fund Sector Weights	Fund Weight
	30-Jun-13
Financials (ex-Real Estate)	45.2%
Consumer Discretionary	13.2%
Industrials	10.6%
Materials	8.2%
Utilities	5.9%
Cash/Hybrids/Fixed Interest	3.8%
Energy	3.6%
Consumer Staples	3.3%
Health Care	2.7%
Real Estate	2.5%
Telecommunication Services	1.0%

Devisd Applications / Software Development

Bentley established a technology division in July 2012 via the incorporation of Devisd Pty Limited (formerly Bentley Technologies Pty Limited) (Devisd).

The division was formed to allow Bentley exposure to the growing importance of the Internet and social media applications as a potentially valuable investment and/or income generating opportunity for Bentley.

The Devisd team is based in Perth and currently comprises a CEO and Chief Technology Officer with thirdparty programming, design and development contractors engaged on a project by project basis.

Devisd has a number of applications and software projects under development, as detailed below:

- ShopBites is a smartphone application and system designed to drive foot traffic into participating stores throughout Australia. Registered shoppers are targeted (using geo-location technology) and encouraged to visit partner stores and undertake certain actions using their smartphone (such as scanning in-store QR codes or product barcodes) and in doing so, will earn points called 'bites'. Bites can then be redeemed for a range of rewards, including digital gift vouchers, credits for third-party applications and physical goods, all within the smartphone application.
- (2) "Rdrct.it" is a web service that allows smart-phone application (app) developers to send out download links for their apps and app content that direct link recipients to the correct end-point, irrespective of the user's platform, or whether they have the relevant app installed. This project is currently in beta testing and has commenced earning revenue in such test phase.
- (3) Squizzed is a smartphone application that allows users to create an Augmented Reality (AR) map to share with friends or the general public. Maps may include local attractions, tourist spots or something as specific as temporary locations at an event.
- **(4)** "Yurn.it" is an e-commerce website interlaced with social and competitive elements. Via a series of rolling competitions, users will be encouraged to identify and upload consumer items to the yurn.it website.
- Tree Trauma is a mobile game in which the player acts as a topiarist who, using a variety of tools, **(5)** trims trees into shapes as set by topiary judges.

Performance Bonus Scheme (PBS)

There were no entitlements arising under the Company's Performance Bonus Scheme (PBS) (which was implemented on 1 May 2010¹⁷) during the financial year. The conditions for payment to members of the Investment Committee are related to Bentley's financial performance (based on the change in Bentley's net asset value relative to the Benchmark ASX All Ordinaries Index) during each half-year period.

Please refer to the Remuneration Report below for further details in relation to the PBS.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of Bentley that occurred during the financial year not otherwise disclosed in this Directors' Report or the financial statements.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Bentley intends to continue its investment activities in future years. The results of these investment activities depend upon the performance of the underlying companies and securities in which Bentley invests. The investments' performances depend on many economic factors and also industry and companyspecific issues. In the opinion of the Directors, it is not possible or appropriate to make a prediction on the future course of markets, the performance of Bentley's investments or forecast the likely results of Bentley's activities.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

Bentley notes the reporting requirements of both the Energy Efficiency Opportunities Act 2006 (Cth) (EEOA) and the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 (Cth) (NGERA). The EEOA requires affected companies to assess their energy usage, including the identification, investigation and evaluation of energy saving opportunities, and to report publicly on the assessments undertaken, including what action the company intends to take as a result. The NGERA requires affected companies to report their annual greenhouse gas emissions and energy use.

Bentley has determined that it does not operate a recognised facility requiring registration and reporting under the NGERA and in any event, it would fall under the threshold of greenhouse gas emissions required for registration and reporting. Similarly, Bentley's energy consumption would fall under the threshold required for registration and reporting under the EEOA.

Bentley notes that it is not directly subject to the Clean Energy Act 2011 (Cth).

Bentley is not otherwise subject to any particular or significant environmental regulation under either Commonwealth or State legislation. To the extent that any environmental regulations may have an incidental impact on Bentley's operations, the Directors are not aware of any breach by Bentley of those regulations.

Refer 10 May 2010 ASX market announcement "Appointment of Chief Investment Officer and Implementation of Investment Strategy" and also the Remuneration Report at pages 19 to 22 of this report.

DIRECTORS

Directors in office during or since the financial year are as follows:

FAROOQ KHAN	_	Chairman					
Appointed	_	Director since 2 December 2003; Chairman since 10 February 2004					
Qualifications	_	BJuris, LLB. (UWA)					
Experience	_	Mr Khan is a qualified lawyer having previously practised principally in the field of corporate law. Mr Khan has extensive experience in the securities industry, capital markets and the executive management of ASX-listed companies. In particular, Mr Khan has guided the establishment and growth of a number of public listed companies in the investment, mining and financial services sector. He has considerable experience in the fields of capital raisings, mergers and acquisitions and investments.					
Relevant interest in shares	_	None					
Special Responsibilities	_	Chairman of the Board and Investment Committee					
Other current directorships in listed entities	_	 Executive Chairman and Managing Director of Queste Communications. Ltd (QUE) (since 10 March 1998) Executive Chairman of Orion Equities Limited (OEQ) (since 23 Octobe 2006) 					
Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years	_	Alara Resources Limited (AUQ) (18 May 2007 to 31 August 2012) Yellow Brick Road Holdings Limited (YBR) (27 April 2006 to 18 March 2011) Strike Resources Limited (SRK) (3 September 1999 to 3 February 2011)					

WILLIAM M. JOHNSON - Non-Executive Director

Appointed – Director since 13 March 2009; Non-Executive Director since 26 March 2013

Qualifications - MA (Oxon), MBA

Experience - Mr Johnson commenced his career in resource exploration and has held senior management and executive roles in a number of public companies in Australia, New Zealand and Asia. Throughout his career, Mr Johnson has been actively involved in the strategic analysis of a diverse range of business and investment opportunities and the execution of many corporate transactions. Mr Johnson brings a considerable depth of experience in business strategy and investment

analysis and execution.

Relevant interest in shares -

Special Responsibilities -Mr Johnson is a Member of the Audit and Remuneration Committees. He was

a member of the Investment Committee until 26 March 2013.

Other current directorships — Managing Director of Strike Resources Limited (SRK) (since 25 March 2013; in listed entities Director since 14 July 2006; Executive Director since 21 January 2013)

Non-Executive Director of Alara Resources Limited (AUQ) (since 1 July 2011;

Director since 26 October 2009)

Former directorships in other — Orion Equities Limited (OEQ) (28 February 2003 to 3 May 2013)

listed entities in past 3 years

CHRISTOPHER B. Non-Executive Director **RYAN**

Appointed - 5 February 2004

Qualifications — BEcon (UWA), MBA (UNSW)

Experience - Mr Ryan is the Principal of Westchester Corporate Finance, a Sydney based

corporate advisory firm specialising in advising listed companies on fund raising, mergers and acquisitions and associated transactions. Prior to forming Westchester in July 1996, Christopher was with Schroders Australia for 27 years. At Schroders, he served 3 years in the investment division, 2 years as an economist monitoring influences on interest and exchange rates and 22 years in the corporate finance division of which he was a director for 19 years specialising in advising on project financing and mergers and acquisitions

mainly in the Australian minerals and oil and gas sectors.

Relevant interest in shares —

Special Responsibilities — Chairman of the Audit and Remuneration Committees

Other current directorships — Non-Executive Chairman of Boulder Steel Limited (BGD) (since 20 June 2013;

in listed entities Non-Executive Director since 18 June 2013)

Former directorships in other - None

listed entities in past 3 years

COMPANY SECRETARY

VICTOR P. H. HO Company Secretary

Appointed - Since 5 February 2004

Qualifications - BCom, LLB (UWA)

Mr Ho has been in company secretarial/executive roles with a number of

public listed companies since early 2000. Previously, Mr Ho had 9 years' experience in the taxation profession with the Australian Tax Office and in a specialist tax law firm. Mr Ho has been actively involved in the structuring and execution of a number of corporate transactions, capital raisings and capital management matters and has extensive experience in public company administration, corporations' law and stock exchange compliance and

shareholder relations.

Special Responsibilities — Member of the Investment Committee and Secretary of the Audit and

Remuneration Committees

Relevant interest in shares 6,533 ordinary shares

Other positions held in listed — Executive Director and Company Secretary of:

> entities Orion Equities Limited (OEQ) (Secretary since 2 August 2000 and Director since

> > 4 July 2003)

Queste Communications Ltd (QUE) (Secretary since 30 August 2000 and

Executive Director since 3 April 2013)

Company Secretary of:

Alara Resources Limited (AUQ) (since 4 April 2007)

Former position in other **–** None

listed entities in past 3 years

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The following table sets out the numbers of meetings of the Company's Directors held during the year (excluding Directors' circulatory resolutions) and the numbers of meetings attended by each Director of the Company:

	Board Meetings		Audit	Committee	Remuneration Committee	
Name of Director	Attended	Max. Possible Meetings	Attended	Max. Possible Meetings	Attended	Max. Possible Meetings
Farooq Khan	11	11	2	2	-	-
Christopher Ryan	11	11	2	2	-	-
William Johnson	11	11	2	2	-	-

Board Committees

An Audit Committee was established in October 2009. The composition the Audit Committee is Christopher Ryan (as Chairman) and William Johnson. A copy of the Audit Committee Charter may be downloaded from the Company's website.

A Remuneration Committee was established in September 2011. The composition of the Remuneration Committee is Christopher Ryan (as Chairman) and William Johnson. A copy of the Remuneration Committee Charter may be downloaded from the Company's website.

This Remuneration Report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each Director of the Company.

The information provided under headings (1) to (5) below has been audited as required under section 308(3)(c) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Remuneration Policy (1)

The Board determines the remuneration structure of all Directors and Company Executives (being a company secretary or senior manager) (Key Management Personnel) having regard to the Company's nature, scale and scope of operations and other relevant factors, including the frequency of Board meetings, length of service, particular experience and qualifications.

Fixed Cash Short-term Employment Benefits: The Key Management Personnel of the Company are paid a fixed amount per annum plus applicable employer superannuation contributions. The Non-Executive Directors of the Company are paid a maximum aggregate base remuneration of \$110,000 per annum inclusive of employer superannuation contributions where applicable, to be divided as the Board determines appropriate.

The Board has determined the following fixed cash remuneration for current Key Management Personnel during the year as follows:

Executive Directors

- Mr Farooq Khan (Executive Chairman) a base salary of \$175,000 per annum plus employer superannuation contributions; and
- (2)Mr William Johnson - a base salary of \$85,000 per annum plus employer superannuation contributions, until 24 March 2013. Mr Johnson transitioned to Non-Executive Director on 25 March 2013.

Non-Executive Director

- Mr Christopher Ryan a base fee of \$26,400 per annum (including 10% GST) payable to Westchester Financial Services Pty Limited (trading as Westchester Corporate Finance), a corporate advisory company in which Mr Ryan is principal; and
- Mr William Johnson a base salary of \$24,000 per annum plus employer superannuation (4) contributions (where applicable), from 25 March 2013.

Company Executives/Senior Managers

Mr Victor Ho (Company Secretary) - a base salary of \$85,000 per annum plus employer superannuation contributions.

Special Exertions and Reimbursements: Pursuant to the Company's Constitution, each Director is also entitled to receive:

- Payment for reimbursement of all travelling, hotel and other expenses reasonably incurred by a Director for the purpose of attending meetings of the Board or otherwise in and about the business of the Company; and
- In respect of Non-Executive Directors, payment for the performance of extra services or the making of special exertions for the benefit of the Company (at the request of and with the concurrence of the Board).

Long-Term Benefits: Key Management Personnel have no right to termination payments save for payment of accrued annual leave and long service leave (other than Non-Executive Directors).

Equity-Based Benefits: The Company does not presently have any equity (shares or options) based remuneration arrangements for any personnel pursuant to any executive or employee share or option plan or otherwise.

Post-Employment Benefits: The Company does not presently provide retirement benefits to Key Management Personnel.

Service Agreements: The Company does not presently have formal service agreements or employment contracts with Key Management Personnel.

Performance-Related Benefits and Financial Performance of Company: The Company has implemented a Performance Bonus Scheme (PBS) (effective from 1 May 2010) with the conditions for payment being related to the Company's financial performance. If the conditions for payment under the PBS have been satisfied, the Company will pay cash bonuses to members of the Investment Committee (being the Executive Directors and the Company Secretary). Refer to Section (2) below for further information about the PBS.

The current remuneration of Non-Executive Directors is not dependent on the satisfaction of a performance condition and is unrelated to the Company's performance.

In considering the Company's performance and its effects on shareholder wealth, Directors have had regard to the data set out below for the latest financial year and the previous four financial years.

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Profit/(Loss) Before Income Tax (\$)	(336,712)	(2,025,345)	573,980	3,101,649	176,238
Basic Earnings/(Loss) per Share (cents)	(0.46)	(2.77)	0.79	4.32	(1.46)
Dividends Paid (\$)	-	2,468,351	1,443,044	1,433,698	-
Closing Bid Share Price at 30 June (\$)	0.145	0.150	0.220	0.225	0.260

(2) Performance Bonus Scheme (PBS)

In order to align the interests of the Investment Committee and shareholders of the Company and to provide an appropriate incentive for the achievement of superior-to-market investment returns, the Company introduced a Performance Bonus Scheme (PBS) for members of the Investment Committee (effective 1 May 2010).

The key elements of the PBS are summarised as follows:

- The performance of Bentley will be measured each financial half year (ending on 31 December and 30 June) by comparing the change over the half year in the net-asset value of Bentley with the change in the net assets of Bentley that would have resulted if the investment return was equal to that recorded by the ASX All Ordinaries Index (ASX code: XAO) (Benchmark Index).
- (b) 20% of any outperformance in excess of a performance threshold hurdle of \$250,000 relative to the Benchmark Index is available for distribution to the Investment Committee each half year (Performance Bonus Pool).
- Any underperformance in a half year will be carried forward up to the next two half years, such that underperformance in a half year must be 'clawed back' by outperformance before a performance bonus can be paid in the following two half years. underperformance value attributable to an unrealised loss on an asset (other than externally managed assets) that has not yet been realised at the end of the second carried forward half year period will continue to be carried forward thereafter until it has been 'clawed back' by outperformance.
- The net assets of Bentley are valued in accordance with Bentley's accounting policies and Australian Accounting Standards (Accounting Methodology), save that:

- (i) assets (other than externally managed assets) are carried at the lower of cost or value (whereas they would have been 'marked to market' under the Accounting Methodology); and
- deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities (other than in respect of externally (ii) managed assets) are excluded from net assets but a provision for income tax expense is included.
- (e) The terms of the PBS are to be reviewed annually by the Board.
- (f) The Performance Bonus Pool is distributed to members of the Investment Committee pursuant to a resolution of the Board.
- If Bentley has incurred a net loss for the financial half year, the Board may in exceptional (g) circumstances at its absolute discretion withhold up to 50% of the Performance Bonus Pool applicable to that financial half year.
- (h) Any Director who is a member of the Investment Committee may not be present during the Board's deliberations in relation to setting the above entitlements under the PBS and must abstain from voting on such determination by the Board.

The Company believes the principles adopted by the PBS are consistent with or exceed industry best practice, in that:

- A performance bonus on internally managed assets is paid only on realised (and not unrealised) gains, i.e. investments have to be sold (or otherwise crystallised) to contribute to a performance bonus. This eliminates the potential of a performance bonus being paid in a half year by reference to unrealised, internally managed investments that may have substantially outperformed over that half year, yet subsequently underperform.
- The 'clawback' of underperformance means that the Investment Committee will be highly motivated to avoid periods of underperformance.
- To achieve a performance bonus, the Investment Committee must not only outperform the Benchmark Index, but also achieve an absolute return at least \$250,000 (performance threshold hurdle) greater than the result that would have been achieved matching the Benchmark Index for any half year. In other words, the first \$250,000 of outperformance in any half year does not generate a performance bonus.

There were no entitlements arising under the PBS during the financial year (i.e. in respect of each of the half years ending 31 December 2012 and 30 June 2013).

(3) **Details of Remuneration of Key Management Personnel**

Details of the nature and amount of each element of remuneration of each Key Management Personnel paid or payable by the Company during the financial year are as follows:

2013		Short-term	ı Benefits	Post- Employment Benefits	Other Long-term Benefits	Equity- Based	
V M	Danfammana	Cash	Man and		Long	Channa 0	
Key Management Personnel	Performance- related	salary and fees	Non-cash benefit	Superannuation	service leave	Shares & options	Total
1 ersonner	161ateu %	\$	\$	Superannuation \$	s s	\$	\$
Executive Directo	-	160,192	-	14,417	-	-	174,609
Non-Executive Di							
Christopher Rya	n ^(b) -	29,700	-	-	-	-	29,700
William Johnson	l (a) -	63,750	-	5,738	-	-	69,488
Company Secreta	ry:						
Victor Ho	-	85,000	-	7,650	-	-	92,650

2012		Short-tern	n Benefits	Post- Employment Benefits	Other Long-term Benefits	Equity- Based	
Key Management Personnel	Performance related	Cash salary and fees \$	Non-cash benefit	Superannuation \$	Long service leave \$	Shares & options	Total
Executive Directors	3:						
Farooq Khan	-	152,676	-	13,733	-	-	166,409
William Johnson	-	84,837	-	7,635	-	-	92,472
Non-Executive Dire	ectors:						
Christopher Ryan	-	26,400	-	-	-	-	26,400
Chief Investment C	Officer (CIO):						
Ben Loiterton(c)	-	212,798	-	-	-	-	212,798
Company Secretary	/:						
Victor Ho	-	85,000	-	7,650	-	-	92,650

Notes:

- Mr Johnson transitioned from Executive Director to Non-Executive Director on 25 March 2013. (a)
- Mr Ryan's Director's fees have been paid to Westchester Financial Services Pty Limited (trading as Westchester (b) Corporate Finance), a corporate advisory company in which Mr Ryan is principal, and is reported inclusive of GST.
- Mr Loiterton ceased as CIO on 8 February 2012. Mr Loiterton's fees were paid to Venturastar Pty. Limited, a (c) company in which Mr Loiterton is principal, and was reported inclusive of GST.

(4) Other Benefits Provided to Key Management Personnel

No Key Management Personnel has during or since the end of the financial year, received or become entitled to receive a benefit, other than a remuneration benefit as disclosed above, by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related entity with the Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a Company in which he has a substantial interest.

(5) Voting and Comments on the Remuneration Report at the 2012 AGM

At the Company's most recent (2012) AGM, a resolution to adopt the prior year (2012) Remuneration Report was put to the vote and 88.58% of votes were cast by shareholders in favour of adopting the Remuneration Report. No comments were made on the Remuneration Report at the AGM.

This concludes the audited Remuneration Report.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' INSURANCE

The Company insures Directors and Officers against liability they may incur in respect of any wrongful acts or omissions made by them in such capacity (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001) (D&O Policy). Details of the amount of the premium paid in respect of the insurance policies are not disclosed as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' DEEDS

In addition to the rights of indemnity provided under the Company's Constitution (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001), the Company has also entered into a deed with each of the Directors and the Company Secretary (Officer) to regulate certain matters between the Company and each Officer, both during the time the Officer holds office and after the Officer ceases to be an officer of the Company, including the following matters:

- The Company's obligation to indemnify an Officer for liabilities or legal costs incurred as an officer of the Company (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001); and
- Subject to the terms of the deed and the Corporations Act 2001, the Company may advance monies to (b) the Officer to meet any costs or expenses of the Officer incurred in circumstances relating to the indemnities provided under the deed and prior to the outcome of any legal proceedings brought against the Officer.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF COMPANY

No person has applied for leave of a court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of such proceedings. The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during and since the financial year.

AUDITOR

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd) for audit and non-audit services provided during the financial year are set out below:

Audit & Review Fees	Non-Audit Services \$	Total \$
39,586	7,170	46,756

The Board is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The Board is satisfied that the nature of the non-audit services disclosed above did not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants: Professional Independence, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd continues in office in accordance with Section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 forms part of this Directors Report and is set out on page 25. This relates to the Audit Report, where the Auditors state that they have issued an independence declaration.

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

The Directors are not aware of any matters or circumstances at the date of this Directors' Report, other than those referred to in this Directors' Report (in particular, in the Review of Operations) or the financial statements or notes thereto (in particular Note 24), that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations, the results of operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

Christopher Ryan

Director

Signed for and on behalf of the Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Board,

Farooq Khan Chairman

30 August 2013



Tel: +8 6382 4600 Fax: +8 6382 4601 www.bdo.com.au 38 Station Street Subiaco, WA 6008 PO Box 700 West Perth WA 6872 Australia

30 August 2013

The Board of Directors Bentley Capital Limited Suite 1, 346 Barker Road SUBIACO WA 6008

Dear Sirs,

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY CHRIS BURTON TO THE DIRECTORS OF BENTLEY CAPITAL LIMITED

As lead auditor of Bentley Capital Limited for the year ended 30 June 2013, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit;
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Bentley Capital Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Chris Burton

C Bota

Director

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd Perth, Western Australia

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Note	2013	2012
		\$	\$
REVENUE			
Investment	3(a)		
Dividend Revenue		288,487	8,662
Interest Revenue		255,560	323,791
Other			
Net Gain on Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		227,420	-
Other Revenue		170,747	240,917
TOTAL REVENUE	_	942,214	573,370
EXPENSES	3(b)		
Net Loss on Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		-	(1,181,703)
Investment Expenses		(176,940)	(109,981)
Occupancy Expenses		(120,662)	(118,827)
Finance Expenses		(7,435)	(4,643)
Corporate Expenses		(64,213)	(64,106)
Administration Expenses		(909,676)	(1,119,455)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX		(336,712)	(2,025,345)
Income Tax Expense	4	-	-
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	_	(336,712)	(2,025,345)
2000 TOK THE TEM	=	(000,712)	(2,023,013)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	=	(336,712)	(2,025,345)
LOSS PER SHARE FOR LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY:	E ORDINARY		
Basic and Diluted Loss per Share (cents)	8	(0.46)	(2.77)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 30 June 2013

	Note	2013 \$	2012 \$
CURRENT ASSETS		Ψ	Ψ
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9	4,892,458	4,947,792
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	10	13,057,774	15,171,413
Trade and Other Receivables	11	167,467	224,583
Other Current Assets	12	3,644	3,600
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		18,121,343	20,347,388
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and Other Receivables	11	30,000	-
Resource Projects	13	-	64,863
Intangible Assets	14	312,026	-
Property, Plant and Equipment	15	15,123	10,765
Deferred Tax Asset	18	107,950	5,188
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		465,099	80,816
TOTAL ASSETS		18,586,442	20,428,204
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and Other Payables Provisions	16 17	67,776 142,600	231,131 120,046
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		210,376	351,177
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred Tax Liability	18	107,950	5,188
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		107,950	5,188
TOTAL LIABILITIES		318,326	356,365
NET ASSETS		18,268,116	20,071,839
EQUITY			
Issued Capital	19	19,820,093	22,067,796
Accumulated Losses		(1,551,977)	(1,995,957)
TOTAL EQUITY		18,268,116	20,071,839

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Note	Issued Capital	Accumulated Losses	Total
		\$	\$	\$
BALANCE AT 1 JULY 2011		26,308,733	2,497,739	28,806,472
Loss for the Year		-	(2,025,345)	(2,025,345)
Other Comprehensive Income			-	
Total Comprehensive Loss for the Year		-	(2,025,345)	(2,025,345)
Transactions with Owners in their capacity as Owner	ers:			
Dividends Paid	7	-	(2,468,351)	(2,468,351)
Shares Issued under Dividend Reinvestment Plan	19	310,196	-	310,196
Return of Capital	19	(4,406,350)	-	(4,406,350)
Share Buy-Back	19	(144,783)	-	(144,783)
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2012		22,067,796	(1,995,957)	20,071,839
BALANCE AT 1 JULY 2012		22,067,796	(1,995,957)	20,071,839
Loss for the Year		-	(336,712)	(336,712)
Other Comprehensive Income			-	
Total Comprehensive Loss for the Year		-	(336,712)	(336,712)
Transactions with Owners in their capacity as Owner	ers:			
Reduction of Share Capital to the extent not represented by assets	19	(780,692)	780,692	-
Return of Capital	19	(1,467,011)	-	(1,467,011)
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2013		19,820,093	(1,551,977)	18,268,116

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Note	2013	2012
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends Received		288,487	8,662
Interest Received		270,727	306,860
Other Income Received		182,696	190,643
Payments to Suppliers and Employees		(1,403,475)	(1,214,407)
Sale/Redemption of Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit	or Loss	18,713,227	19,059,018
Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		(16,372,168)	(6,944,623)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	9(b)	1,679,494	11,406,153
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Plant and Equipment	15(a)	(8,192)	(1,773)
Refunds of Exploration and Evaluation	13	57,032	-
Payments for Exploration and Evaluation	13	(6,751)	(992)
Payments for Intangible Assets	14	(312,026)	-
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(269,937)	(2,765)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(209,937)	(2,703)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends Paid	7		(2.150.155)
	- -	(1.464.901)	(2,158,155)
Return of Capital	19	(1,464,891)	(4,308,606)
Share Buy-Back	19	-	(144,783)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,464,891)	(6,611,544)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		(55,334)	4,791,844
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Financial Year		4,947,792	155,948
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF FINANCIAL YEAR	9(a)	4,892,458	4,947,792

for the year ended 30 June 2013

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial report includes the financial statements for the Consolidated Entity consisting of Bentley Capital Limited and its subsidiaries.

Bentley Capital Limited (the Company) is a company limited by shares incorporated in Australia and whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX).

Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Urgent Issues Group Interpretations and the Corporations Act 2001, appropriate for for-profit entities.

Compliance with IFRS

The consolidated financial statements of the Bentley Capital Limited Consolidated Entity also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Reporting Basis and Conventions

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

1.2. **Principles of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of Bentley Capital Limited as at 30 June 2013 and the results of its subsidiaries for the year Bentley Capital Limited and its then ended. subsidiaries are referred to in this financial report as Bentley or the Consolidated Entity.

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Consolidated Entity has the power to govern the policies, financial and operating generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Consolidated Entity controls another entity. Information on controlled entities is contained in Note 2(b) to the financial statements.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Consolidated Entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Consolidated

The controlled entities have a June financial year-end. All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the Consolidated Entity, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation.

Investments and Other Financial Assets

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition, these instruments are measured as set out below.

Financial Liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial risk has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss.

The Consolidated Entity's investment portfolio (comprising listed and unlisted securities) is accounted for as "financial assets at fair value through profit and loss".

Fair Value Estimation 1.4.

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Consolidated Entity is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example over-thecounter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques, including but not limited to recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models. The Consolidated Entity may use a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each Balance Date. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for other financial instruments

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Consolidated Entity for similar financial instruments.

The Consolidated Entity's investment portfolio (comprising listed and unlisted securities) is accounted for as a "financial assets at fair value through profit and loss" and is carried at fair value based on the quoted last bid prices at the reporting date (refer to Note 10).

1.5. **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Consolidated Entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST) except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of Goods and Disposal of Assets

Revenue from the sale of goods and disposal of other assets is recognised when the Consolidated Entity has passed control of the goods or other assets to the buyer.

Interest Revenue

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Dividend Revenue

Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established. Consolidated Entity brings dividend revenue to account on the applicable ex-dividend entitlement date.

Other Revenues

Other revenues are recognised on a receipts basis.

1.6. **Income Tax**

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each taxing jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses (if applicable).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each taxing jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. The amount of deferred tax assets benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future, is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the Consolidated Entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the Consolidated Entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

1.7. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST. Cash flows are presented in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

Receivables 18

Trade receivables and other receivables are recorded at amounts due less any provision for doubtful debts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when considered non-recoverable.

1.9. Property, Plant and Equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present value in determining recoverable amount.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Consolidated Entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Rate	Method
Office Equipment	37.5%	Diminishing Value
Leasehold Improvement s	7.5%	Diminishing Value
Office Furniture	10-15%	Diminishing Value

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

1.10. Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Entity reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets (where applicable) to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets (where applicable) with indefinite lives. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Consolidated Entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.11. Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Consolidated Entity prior to the end of financial period which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

1.12. Issued Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new securities are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options for the acquisition of a business are not included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration

1.13. Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings per Share

Is determined by dividing the operating result after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares on issue during the financial period.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

Diluted Earnings per Share

Adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share by taking into account amounts unpaid on ordinary shares and any reduction in earnings per share that will probably arise from the exercise of options outstanding during the financial period.

1.14. Employee Benefits

Short-term Obligations

Provision is made for the Consolidated Entity's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the Balance Date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year from the Balance Date have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for benefits. Employer superannuation contributions are made by the Consolidated Entity in accordance with statutory obligations and are charged as an expense when incurred.

Other Long-term Employee Benefit Obligations

The liability for long-service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the Balance Date. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service.

Performance Bonus

The Consolidated Entity recognises a liability and an expense for cash bonuses payable to members of the Company's Investment Committee pursuant to a Performance Bonus Scheme implemented on 1 May 2010. The performance of the Consolidated Entity is measured each financial half year (ending on 31 December and 30 June) by comparing the change over the half year in the net asset value of the Consolidated Entity with the change in the net assets of the Consolidated Entity that would have resulted if the investment return was equal to that recorded by the ASX All Ordinaries Index. 20% of any outperformance in excess of a performance threshold hurdle of \$250,000 relative to the benchmark index is available for distribution to the Investment Committee each half year. In calculating over-performance, any under-performance against the ASX All Ordinaries Index in any half year is generally carried forward for the next two half years and set off against the Consolidated Entity's performance.

1.15. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts (if any) are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

116 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Consolidated Entity as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

1.17. Segment Reporting

Operating segments are presented using the 'management approach', where the information presented is on the same basis as the internal reports provided to the Chief Operating Decision Makers (CODM). The CODM is responsible for the allocation of resources to operating segments and assessing their performance.

Dividends Policy

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared; being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at the Balance Date.

1.19. Intangible Assets - Software Development

Expenditure during the research phase of a project is recognised as an expense when Development costs are capitalised only when:

- the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the project is demonstrated;
- the Consolidated Entity has an intention and ability to complete the project and use or sell it;
- (iii) the costs can be measured reliably.

Such costs include payments to external contractors to develop the software, any purchase of materials and equipment and personnel costs of employees directly involved in the project.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

Capitalised software development expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is based on a straightline method over periods generally ranging from 1 to 4years matched to the future economic benefits over the useful life of the project. The amortisation period and amortisation method of intangible assets other than goodwill are reviewed at least at each balance sheet date. No amortisation has taken place as the projects have not been completed as at the reporting date.

1.20. Mineral **Exploration** and **Evaluation** Expenditure

Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure incurred is accumulated (i.e. capitalised) in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

Under AASB 6 "Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources", if facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of any recognised exploration and evaluation assets may be impaired, the Consolidated Entity must perform impairment tests on those assets and measure any impairment in accordance with AASB 136 "Impairment of Assets". Any impairment loss is to be recognised as an expense. A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

1.21. Comparative Figures

Where required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial period.

Critical accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires Directors to make judgements and estimates and form assumptions that affect how certain assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and equity are reported. At each reporting period, the Directors evaluate their judgements and estimates based on historical experience and on other various factors they believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of the carrying values of assets and liabilities (that are not readily apparent from other sources, such as independent valuations). Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The Consolidated Entity determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations, market, economic, legal environment or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written

Indefinite life of intangible assets

The Consolidated Entity tests annually or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate impairment and whether the indefinite life of intangible assets has suffered any impairment, in accordance with note 1.10.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

Summary of Accounting Standards Issued but not yet Effective (continued)

The following new Accounting Standards and Interpretations (which have been released but not yet adopted) have no material impact on the Consolidated Entity's financial statements or the associated notes therein.

AASB Reference	Title and Affected Standard(s)	Nature of Change	Application Date
AASB 9 (issued December 2009 and amended December 2010)	Financial Instruments	Amends the requirements for classification and measurement of financial assets. The available-for-sale and held-to-maturity categories of financial assets in AASB 139 have been eliminated. Under AASB 9, there are three categories of financial assets:	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2015
		Amortised costFair value through profit or lossFair value through other comprehensive income.	
		The following requirements have generally been carried forward unchanged from AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement into AASB 9:	
		 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities; and Derecognition requirements for financial assets and liabilities. 	
		However, AASB 9 requires that gains or losses on financial liabilities measured at fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk are recognised in other comprehensive income.	
IFRS (issued October 2012)	Investment Entities – Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27	The amendment defines an 'investment entity' and requires a parent that is an investment entity to measure its investments in particular subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss in its consolidated and separate financial statements.	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014
		The amendment prescribes three criteria that must be met in order for an entity to be defined as an investment entity, as well as four 'typical characteristics' to consider in assessing the criteria.	
		The amendment also introduces disclosure requirements for investment entities into IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and amends IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements.	

for the year ended 30 June 2013

1.23. Summary of Accounting Standards Issued but not yet Effective (continued)

AASB Reference	Title and Affected Standard(s)	Nature of Change	Application Date
AASB 10 (issued August 2011) ¹⁸	Consolidated Financial Statements	Introduces a single 'control model' for all entities, including special purpose entities (SPEs), whereby all of the following conditions must be present:	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July
		• Power over investee (whether or not power used in practice)	2013
		• Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from investee	
		• Ability to use power over investee to affect the entity's returns from investee.	
		Introduces the concept of 'de facto' control for entities with less than a 50% ownership interest in an entity, but which have a large shareholding compared to other shareholders. This could result in more instances of control and more entities being consolidated.	
		Potential voting rights are only considered when determining if there is control when they are substantive (holder has practical ability to exercise) and the rights are currently exercisable. This may result in possibly fewer instances of control.	
		Additional guidance included to determine when decision making authority over an entity has been delegated by a principal to an agent. Factors to consider include:	
		 Scope of decision making authority 	
		Rights held by other parties, e.g. kick-out rights	
		• Remuneration and whether commensurate with services provided	
		Decision maker's exposure to variability of returns from other interests held in the investee.	
AASB 13 (issued September 2011)	Fair Value Measurement	Currently, fair value measurement requirements are included in several Accounting Standards. AASB 13 establishes a single framework for measuring fair value of financial and non-financial items recognised at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position or disclosed in the notes in the financial statements. Additional disclosures required for items measured at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position, as well as items merely disclosed at fair value in the notes to the financial statements. Extensive additional disclosure requirements for items measured at fair value that are 'level 3' valuations in the fair value hierarchy that are not financial instruments, e.g. land and buildings, investment properties etc.	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2013

This standard only needs to be mentioned for general purpose financial statements and for special purpose financial statements which currently state compliance with AASB 127

for the year ended 30 June 2013

1.23. Summary of Accounting Standards Issued but not yet Effective (continued)

AASB Reference	Title and Affected Standard(s)	Nature of Change	Application Date
AASB 119 (reissued September 2011)	Employee Benefits	 Main changes include: Elimination of the 'corridor' approach for deferring gains/losses for defined benefit plans Actuarial gains/losses on remeasuring the defined benefit plan obligation/asset to be recognised in OCI rather than in profit or loss, and cannot be reclassified in subsequent periods Subtle amendments to timing for recognition of liabilities for termination benefits Employee benefits expected to be settled (as opposed to due to settle under current standard) wholly within 12 months after the end of the reporting period are short-term benefits, and therefore not discounted when calculating leave liabilities. Annual leave not expected to be used wholly within 12 months of end of reporting period will in future be discounted when calculating leave liability. 	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2013
AASB 2012-5 (issued June 2012)	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Annual Improvements 2009- 2011 Cycle	Non-urgent but necessary changes to standards	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2013
AASB 2012-9 (issued December 2012)	Amendment to AASB 1048 arising from the Withdrawal of Australian Interpretation 1039	Deletes Australian Interpretation 1039 Substantive Enactment of Major Tax Bills In Australia from the list of mandatory Australian Interpretations to be applied by entities preparing financial statements under the Corporations Act 2001 or other general purpose financial statements.	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2013

for the year ended 30 June 2013

2. PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

The following information provided relates to the Company, Bentley Capital Limited, as at 30 June 2013. The information presented below has been prepared using accounting policies outlined in Note 1.

			2013	2012
			\$	\$
Cur	rent Assets		11,471,391	11,404,355
Nor	n-Current Assets	_	11,528,345	11,494,048
TO	TAL ASSETS		22,999,736	22,898,403
		_		
Cur	rent Liabilities		10,714,948	7,289,279
	n-Current Liabilities	_	25,588	21,360
TO	TAL LIABILITIES	_	10,740,536	7,310,639
.	T. A COPIEC	_	10.050.000	45 505 504
NE.	T ASSETS	=	12,259,200	15,587,764
Iccii	ad Capital		10 820 003	22 067 796
	ed Capital umulated Losses		19,820,093 (7,560,893)	22,067,796 (6,480,032)
	UITY	-	12,259,200	15,587,764
LQ		=	12,200,200	10,007,701
Los	s for the Year		(1,861,553)	(546,848)
	er Comprehensive Income		(1,001,000)	(340,040)
	TAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	_	(1,861,553)	(546,848)
		=	<u> </u>	, ,
(a)	Current Assets			
	Cash and Cash Equivalents			
	Cash at Bank		2,796,716	1,606,526
	Term Deposits		1,100,000	5,000
		_	3,896,716	1,611,526
	Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss	-		
	Listed Investments at Fair Value		4,219,050	9,459,181
	Unlisted Investments at Fair Value		150,000	150,000
	Units in unlisted FSP Equities Leaders Fund	_	137,504	111,963
		_	4,506,554	9,721,144
(b)	Non Current Assets	_		
	Investments in Wholly Owned Subsidiaries			
	Shares in Controlled Entities - at cost	=	11,486,243	11,485,843
	Details of a constant of Oaline as Chance held in Const		0	
	Details of percentage of Ordinary Shares held in Controlled Entities			rship Interest 2012
		Incorporated	2013	
	Scarborough Equities Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
	Scarborough Resources Pty Ltd Reptley Portfolio No. 1 Pty Ltd (Incompressed 26 May 13)	Australia	100%	100%
	Bentley Portfolio No.1 Pty Ltd (Incorporated 26 Mar 13) Devisd Pty Limited (Incorporated 11 Jul 13)	Australia	100% 100%	<u>-</u>
	ShopBites Pty Limited (Incorporated 23 Jan 13)	Australia	100%	<u>-</u>
	rdrct.it Pty Limited (Incorporated 27 Mar 13)	Australia	100%	_
	Tarent Ly Emilieu (meorpolateu 27 Mai 10)	1 I abti and	100 /0	_

for the year ended 30 June 2013

2. PAI	RENT ENTITY INFORMATION (continued)	Note	2013	2012
			\$	\$
(c)	Lease Commitments			
	Not longer than one year	22	48,582	78,630
	Longer than one year but not longer than five years	22	-	-
		_	48,582	78,630

3. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

The Consolidated Entity's Operating Loss before Income Tax includes the following items of revenue and

exp	ense:		
(a)	Revenue	2013	2012
	Investment	\$	\$
	Dividend Revenue	288,487	8,662
	Interest Revenue	255,560	323,791
		544,047	332,453
	Other		
	Net Gain on Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	227,420	-
	Other Revenue	170,747	240,917
		942,214	573,370
(b)	Expenses		
	Net Loss on Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	-	1,181,703
	Investment Expenses		
	Management Fees	97,824	8,142
	Brokers Fees	56,647	18,723
	Subscriptions	19,954	49,918
	Other Investment Expenses	2,515	33,000
	Occupancy Expenses	120,662	118,827
	Finance Expenses	7,435	4,643
	Corporate Expenses		
	Share Registry	31,375	31,575
	ASX Fees	25,903	29,393
	Other Corporate Expenses	6,935	3,138
	Administration Expenses		
	Salaries, Fees and Employee Benefits	482,590	688,116
	Accounting, Taxation and Related Administration	137,263	129,027
	Office Administration	84,795	94,409
	Audit	46,756	41,867
	Communications	18,084	24,861
	Travel, Accommodation and Incidentals	17,340	40,382
	Insurance	14,917	16,075
	Other Professional Fees	4,153	1,721
	Depreciation	3,834	3,509
	Other Administration Expenses	99,944	79,686
		1,278,926	2,598,715

for the year ended 30 June 2013

4. INCOME TAX EXPENSE Note	e 2013 \$	2012 \$
(a) The components of Tax Expense comprise:	·	·
Current Tax	-	-
Deferred Tax 18	-	-
		-
(b) The prima facie tax on Operating Profit before Income T reconciled to the income tax as follows:	ax is	
Prima facie tax payable on Operating Profit before Income Tax a (2012: 30%)	t 30% (101,014)	(607,604)
Adjust tax effect of:		
Non-Deductible Expenses	2,197	22,016
Taxable Income in excess of Accounting Income	23,801	30,731
Current year tax losses not brought to account	75,016	554,857
Movement in Deferred Taxes	-	-
Income tax attributable to entity		-
(c) Unrecognised Deferred Tax balances		
Unrecognised Deferred Tax Asset - Revenue Losses	4,134,579	4,227,822
Unrecognised Deferred Tax Asset - Capital Losses	830,033	313,098
Unrecognised Deferred Tax Asset - Other	97,255	381,456
	5,061,867	4,922,376

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised as, in the Directors' opinion, it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Consolidated Entity can utilise the benefits. The utilisation of revenue and capital tax losses are subject to compliance with taxation legislation.

5. INTERESTS OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (KMP)

Refer to the Remuneration Report contained in the Directors' Report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the Consolidated Entity's KMP for the year ended 30 June 2013.

The total remuneration paid to KMP of the Consolidated Entity during the year is as follows:

	2013	2012
Directors	\$	\$
Short-Term Employment Benefits	273,797	285,281
	273,797	285,281
Other KMP		
Short-Term Employment Benefits	92,650	305,448
	92,650	305,448
	366,447	590,729

There were no options, rights or equity instruments provided as remuneration to KMP and no shares issued on the exercise of any such instruments during the financial year.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

5. INTERESTS OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (KMP) (continued)

_			
_		-	-
-		-	-
-		-	-
6,533		-	6,533
-		-	_
-		-	-
-		-	-
5,945 -	-	588	6,533
	:	- - -	·

The disclosures of equity holdings above are in accordance with the accounting standards which require disclosure of shares held directly, indirectly or beneficially by each key management person, a close member of the family of that person, or an entity over which either of these persons have, directly or indirectly, control, joint control or significant influence (as defined under Accounting Standard AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures).

Other KMP Transactions

There were no transactions with KMP (or their personally related entities) during the financial year other than disclosed below.

The Company's registered office in Sydney is located within the offices of Westchester Financial Services Pty Limited (trading as Westchester Corporate Finance) (Westchester), a corporate advisory company in which Non-Executive Director, Christopher Ryan is the principal. This office was utilised in the 2012 financial year by Sydney based members of the Investment Team and accordingly, Bentley agreed to contribute \$825 per month (inclusive of GST) towards Westchester's lease and related office service costs.

	2013	2012
Amounts recognised as expense	\$	\$
Sydney office costs	-	7,425

for the year ended 30 June 2013

6. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year the following fees were paid for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

	2013	2012
BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd	\$	\$
Audit and Review of Financial Statements	39,586	37,962
Taxation Services	7,170	3,905
	46,756	41,867

The Consolidated Entity may engage BDO on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where their expertise and experience with the Consolidated Entity are important. These assignments principally relate to taxation advice in relation to the tax notes to the financial statements.

7. DIVIDENDS		2013 \$	2012 \$
Dividends Paid	Paid On	Ψ	Ψ
3.4 cents per share fully franked dividend	23-Sep-11	-	2,468,351
	-	-	2,468,351
Dividends paid in cash or satisfied by issue of shares under the Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) were as follows: Paid in Cash Satisfied by Issue of Shares under DRP		- - -	2,158,155 310,196 2,468,351
Franking credits available for subsequent periods based on a tax rate of 30% (2012: 30%)		1,845,290	1,796,278

The above amounts represent the balance of the franking account as at the end of the reporting period, adjusted for:

- (a) Franking credits that will arise from the payment of the amount of the provision for income tax;
- (b) Franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends recognised as a liability at the reporting
- Franking credits that will arise from the receipt of dividends recognised as receivables at the reporting

The franking credits attributable to the Consolidated Entity include franking credits that would be available to the parent entity if distributable profits of subsidiaries were paid as dividends.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

8. LOSS PER SHARE (EPS)	2013	2012
	cents	cents
Basic and Diluted Loss per Share	(0.46)	(2.77)

The following represents the loss and weighted average number of shares used in the EPS calculations:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Net Loss after Income Tax	(336,712)	(2,025,345)
	Number of Shares	Number of Shares
Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares	73,350,541	73,197,587

The Consolidated Entity has no securities outstanding which have the potential to convert to ordinary shares and dilute the basic loss per share.

9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Cash at Bank and in Hand	3,792,458	1,942,792
Short-Term Deposits	1,100,000	3,005,000
	4,892,458	4,947,792

(b) Reconciliation of Operating Loss after Income Tax to Net Cash used

in Operating Activities			
Loss after Income Tax	(336,712)	(2,025,345)	
Add Non-Cash Items:			
Depreciation	3,834	3,509	
Write-Off of Resource Projects	14,582	-	
Net Loss/(Gain) on Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	(528,058)	355,657	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	2,641,697	12,940,441	
Trade and Other Receivables	27,116	(67,205)	
Other Current Assets	(44)	21,287	
Trade and Other Payables	(163,355)	172,320	
Provisions	20,434	5,489	
Deferred Tax		-	
	1,679,494	11,406,153	

for the year ended 30 June 2013

9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

(c) Risk Exposure

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to interest rate risk is discussed in Note 21. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of cash and cash equivalents mentioned above.

10. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Current		
Listed Investments at Fair Value	6,076,676	9,459,181
Unlisted Investments at Fair Value	150,000	150,000
Units in unlisted FSP Equities Leaders Fund	6,831,098	5,562,232
	13,057,774	15,171,413

(a) Risk Exposure

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to price risk is discussed in Note 21.

11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Current

Deposits and Bonds	485	485
Interest and Dividends receivable	1,764	16,931
Income Distributions receivable	160,256	208,515
Other receivables	4,962	(1,348)
	167,467	224,583
Non Current		
Deposits and Bonds	30,000	_
	30,000	-

(a) Risk Exposure

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to credit and interest rate risks is discussed in Note 21.

(b) Impaired Trade Receivables

None of the Consolidated Entity's receivables are impaired or past due.

12. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Prepayments	3,644	3,600

for the year ended 30 June 2013

13. RESOURCE PROJECTS	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Opening Balance	64,863	63,871
Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure Incurred	6,751	992
Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure Refunded	(57,032)	-
Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure Written Off	(14,582)	-
Closing Balance	-	64,863

The exploration and evaluation expenditure related to tenement application costs, a portion of which (\$57,032) was refunded in May 2013 after the applications were withdrawn.

14. INTANGIBLE ASSETS	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Opening Balance	-	-
Software Development Costs	312,026	-
Closing Balance	312,026	-

The software development costs relate to applications/software under development.

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Office Furniture		
At Cost	5,572	5,572
Accumulated Depreciation	(3,645)	(3,402)
	1,927	2,170
Leasehold Improvements		
At Cost	764	764
Accumulated Depreciation	(315)	(279)
	449	485
Office Equipment		
At Cost	27,248	19,055
Accumulated Depreciation	(14,501)	(10,945)
	12,747	8,110
	15,123	10,765

for the year ended 30 June 2013

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

(a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movements in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Office	Leasehold	Office	
	Furniture I	mprovements	Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
BALANCE AT 1 JULY 2011	2,442	525	9,534	12,501
Additions	-	-	1,773	1,773
Depreciation expense	(272)	(40)	(3,197)	(3,509)
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2012	2,170	485	8,110	10,765
BALANCE AT 1 JULY 2012	2,170	485	8,110	10,765
Additions	-	-	8,192	8,192
Depreciation expense	(243)	(36)	(3,555)	(3,834)
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2013	1,927	449	12,747	15,123

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Current		
Trade Payables	6,160	1,478
Other Payables and Accrued Expenses	61,616	229,653
	67,776	231,131

(a) Risk Exposure

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to risks arising from current payables is set out in Note 21.

17. PROVISIONS	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Current		
Employee Benefits - Annual Leave	19,851	1,052
Employee Benefits - Long Service Leave	22,885	21,250
Return of Capital - refer (b)	99,864	97,744
	142,600	120,046

for the year ended 30 June 2013

17. PROVISIONS (continued)

(a) Movements in Provisions

Movements in each class of provision during the financial year, other than employee benefits, are set

	Return of Capital	
	\$	\$
Carrying Amount at Start of Year	97,744	97,744
Charged/(Credited) to Equity	1,467,011	1,467,011
Amounts paid during the year	(1,464,891)	(1,464,891)
Carrying Amount at End of Year	99,864	99,864

(b) Return of Capital

The Company returned one cent per share to shareholders in November 2012 and April 2013 (at a total cost of \$733,505 and \$733,506 respectively) pursuant to returns of capital approved by shareholders on 16 November 2012 and 5 April 2013 respectively. The provision reflects the return of capital unclaimed by shareholders. The return of capital has no effect on the total number of shares on issue nor the holdings of each shareholder.

(c) Amounts not expected to be settled within 12 months

The provision for annual leave and long service leave is presented as current since the Consolidated Entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for any of these employee benefits. Long service leave covers all unconditional entitlements where employees have completed the required period of service and also where employees are entitled to pro-rata payments in certain circumstances.

Based on past experience, the employees have never taken the full amount of long service leave or require payment within the next 12 months. The following amounts reflect leave that is not expected to be taken or paid within the next 12 months:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Leave obligations expected to be settled after 12 months	22,885	21,250
18. DEFERRED TAX	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Deferred Tax Assets - Non-Current		
Employee Benefits	12,821	5,188
Tax Losses	95,129	-
	107,950	5,188
Deferred Tax Liabilities - Non-Current		
Financial Assets	107,312	-
Other	638	5,188
	107,950	5,188

for the year ended 30 June 2013

18. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

			Employee		
(a)	Movements - Deferred Tax Assets		Benefits	Tax Losses	Total
			\$	\$	\$
	AT 1 JULY 2011		-	-	-
	Credited/(charged) to the profit and l	loss	5,188	-	5,188
	AT 30 JUNE 2012	=	5,188	-	5,188
	AT 1 JULY 2012		5,188	-	5,188
	Credited/(charged) to the profit and l	oss	7,633	95,129	102,762
	AT 30 JUNE 2013		12,821	95,129	107,950
		=			
(1)	. D. () IT 11 11111		Financial Assets	Other	Total
(b)	Movements - Deferred Tax Liabilities				
	AT 1 HH V 2011		\$	\$	\$
	AT 1 JULY 2011 Credited //sharged) to the profit and 1	000	-	- 5 199	- 5 100
	Credited/(charged) to the profit and I AT 30 JUNE 2012	_		5,188 5,188	5,188 5,188
	111 00 JCINE 2012	=		3,100	3,100
	AT 1 JULY 2012		-	5,188	5,188
	Credited/(charged) to the profit and I	oss	107,312	(4,550)	102,762
	AT 30 JUNE 2013	=	107,312	638	107,950
19. ISS	UED CAPITAL	2013	2012	2013	2012
		Number	Number	\$	\$
Full	ly paid ordinary shares	73,350,541	73,350,541	19,820,093	22,067,796
Mo	vement in Ordinary shares			Issue Price	
		Date of Issue	Number	\$	\$
AT	1 JULY 2011		72,598,802		26,308,733
Is	sued under the DRP - refer (b)	26-Sep-11	1,417,700	0.2188	310,196
R	eturn of capital - refer (c)	14-Oct-11	-		(3,672,845)
	eturn of capital - refer (c)	18-Apr-12	-		(733,505)
	hare buy-back - refer (d)	Sep-11	(559,600)	0.2262	(126,602)
	hare buy-back - refer (d)	Oct-11	(106,361)	0.1709	(18,181)
AT	30 JUNE 2012	=	73,350,541	=	22,067,796
AT	1 JULY 2012		73,350,541		22,067,796
	eduction of Share Capital to the extent not represented by assets - refer (e)	16-Nov-12	-		(780,692)
	eturn of capital - refer (c)	30-Nov-12	-		(733,505)
	eturn of capital - refer (c)	18-Apr-13			(733,506)
AT	30 JUNE 2013		73,350,541	_	19,820,093
		=			

for the year ended 30 June 2013

19. ISSUED CAPITAL (continued)

(a) Ordinary Shares

Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and the right to dividends.

(b) Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP)

The Company has established a dividend reinvestment plan under which holders of ordinary shares may elect to have all or part of their dividend entitlements satisfied by the issue of new ordinary shares rather than by being paid in cash. Shares issued under the plan during the previous financial year were set at a 2.5% discount to the volume weighted average market price over five trading days up to and including the relevant dividend record date.

(c) Return of Capital

The Company returned one cent per share to shareholders twice, in November 2012 and April 2013, at a total cost of \$1.467 million as approved by shareholders on 16 November 2012 and 5 April 2013 respectively (2012: five cents and one cent per share to shareholders in October 2011 and April 2012 respectively (totalling \$3.673 million and \$0.733 million respectively) as approved by shareholders on 4 October 2011 and 4 April 2012 respectively).

(d) Share Buy-Back

The shares bought-back relates to an on-market share buy-back announced by the Company on 17 August 2011. This buy-back expired on 31 August 2012 after 12 months.

During the 2012 financial year, the Company cancelled 665,961 shares bought back at a total cost of \$144,783 (at an average cost (including brokerage) of \$0.217). There were no share buy-back transactions in the current financial year.

(e) Reduction of Share Capital to the extent not represented by assets

At the Annual General Meeting held on 16 November 2012, shareholders approved a reduction in value of the Company's share capital against accumulated losses by \$780,692, being an amount not represented by available assets, pursuant to section 258F of the Corporations Act. This was essentially an accounting entry that allowed the Company to remove from its books historical accumulated accounting losses that affects the ability of the Company to retain earnings from which future dividends may be paid. The reduction has no effect on the carried forward tax losses of the Company nor did it change the number of shares on issue or the net asset position of the Company.

(f) Capital Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing its capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a capital structure balancing the interests of all shareholders.

The Board will consider capital management initiatives as is appropriate and in the best interests of the Company and shareholders from time to time, including undertaking capital raisings, share buy-backs, capital reductions and the payment of dividends.

The Consolidated Entity has no external borrowings. The Consolidated Entity's non-cash investments can be realised to meet accounts payable arising in the normal course of business.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

20. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the "Chief Operating Decision Maker". The "Chief Operating Decision Maker", who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors.

The Board has considered the business and geographical perspectives of the operating results and determined that the Consolidated Entity operates only within Australia, with the main segments being Investments, Software Development and Resource Projects. Unallocated items are mainly comprised of corporate assets, office expenses and income tax assets and liabilities.

	Investments \$	Software Development \$	Resource Projects \$	Unallocated	Total \$
2013					
Segment Revenues					
Investment Revenue	482,137	-	-	61,909	544,046
Other Revenue	392,789	-	-	5,379	398,168
Total Segment Revenues	874,926	-	-	67,288	942,214
Investment Expenses	176,940	_	-	_	176,940
Finance Expenses	-	2,637	-	4,798	7,435
Adminstration Expenses	-	188,503	15,429	701,910	905,842
Depreciation Expense	-	675	-	3,159	3,834
Other Expenses	-	33,580	230	151,065	184,875
Total Segment Profit/(Loss)	697,986	(225,395)	(15,659)	(793,644)	(336,712)
Segment Assets					
Cash	2,123,337	-	-	2,769,121	4,892,458
Financial Assets	13,057,774	-	-	-	13,057,774
Intangible Assets	-	312,026	-	-	312,026
Other Assets	-	7,744	675	315,765	324,184
Total Segment Assets	15,181,111	319,770	675	3,084,886	18,586,442
Segment Liabilities	-	(44,340)	-	(273,986)	(318,326)

for the year ended 30 June 2013

20. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

	Investments	Software Development	Resource Projects	Unallocated	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2012					
Segment Revenues					
Investment Revenue	192,996	-	-	-	192,996
Other Revenue	239,872	-	-	140,502	380,374
Total Segment Revenues	432,868	-	-	140,502	573,370
Investment Expenses	1,291,684	-	-	-	1,291,684
Finance Expenses	-	-	-	4,643	4,643
Adminstration Expenses	-	-	-	1,115,946	1,115,946
Depreciation Expense	-	-	-	3,509	3,509
Other Expenses	-	-	227	182,706	182,933
Total Segment Profit/(Loss)	(858,816)	-	(227)	(1,166,302)	(2,025,345)
Segment Assets					
Cash	3,005,000	-	-	1,942,792	4,947,792
Financial Assets	15,171,413	-	-	-	15,171,413
Intangible Assets	-	-	64,877	-	64,877
Other Assets	-	-	-	244,122	244,122
Total Segment Assets	18,176,413	-	64,877	2,186,914	20,428,204
Segment Liabilities	-	-	-	(356,365)	(356,365)

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Consolidated Entity's financial instruments consist of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and payable, investments in listed securities, investments in the unlisted FSP Equities Leaders Fund and other unlisted securities. The principal activity of the Consolidated Entity is the management of its investments (Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss) (refer to Note 10). The Consolidated Entity's investments are subject to price (which includes interest rate and market risk), credit and liquidity risks.

The Board is responsible for the overall internal control framework (which includes risk management) but no cost-effective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. The system is based, in part, on the appointment of suitably qualified management personnel. The effectiveness of the system is continually reviewed by management and at least annually by the Board.

The financial receivables and payables of the Consolidated Entity in the table below are due or payable within 30 days. The financial investments are held for trading and are realised at the discretion of the Investment Committee.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Consolidated Entity holds the following financial instruments:

		2013	2012
Financial Assets	Note	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9	4,892,458	4,947,792
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	10	13,057,774	15,171,413
Trade and Other Receivables	11	167,467	224,583
		18,117,699	20,343,788
Financial Liabilities			
Trade and Other Payables	16	(67,776)	(231,131)
		(67,776)	(231,131)
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		18,049,923	20,112,657

(a) Market Risk

(i) Price Risk

The Consolidated Entity is exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises from investments held by the Consolidated Entity and classified in the Statement of Financial Position at fair value through profit or loss. The Consolidated Entity is exposed to commodity price risk in respect of its investments indirectly via market risk and equity securities price risk.

The value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument, its issuer or factors affecting all instruments in the market. By its nature as an investment company, the Consolidated Entity will always be subject to market risk as it invests its capital in securities that are not risk free. This is reflected in the market price of these securities which can and will fluctuate. The Consolidated Entity does not manage this risk through entering into derivative contracts, futures, options or swaps.

Equity price risk is minimised through ensuring that investment activities are undertaken in accordance with Board established mandate limits and investment strategies.

The Consolidated Entity is advised by investment manager, FSP Equities Management Limited, that the unlisted FSP Equities Leaders Fund comprises underlying investments in a diversified portfolio both in terms of number of securities held and exposure to a wide range of industry sectors.

The Consolidated Entity has performed a sensitivity analysis on its exposure to equity securities price risk for listed and unlisted financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in these risks. The All Ordinaries Accumulation Index was utilised as the benchmark for the investment portfolio.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Market Risk (continued)

(i) Price Risk (continued)

			Impact on Other (Components
	Impact on Post-	Impact on Post-Tax Profit		
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Increase 5%	652,889	758,571	652,889	758,571
Decrease 5%	(652,889)	(758,571)	(652,889)	(758,571)

(ii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Consolidated Entity's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relate primarily to investments held in interest bearing instruments. The weighted average interest rate of the term deposits for the year for the table below is 4.21% (2012: 4.95%).

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Cash at Bank and in hand	3,792,458	1,942,792
Short-Term Deposits	1,100,000	3,005,000
	4,892,458	4,947,792

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of profit and equity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates based on observation of current market conditions. The calculations are based on a change in the average market interest rate and the financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates.

			Impact on Othe	r Components
	Impact on Post-Tax Profit		of Equity	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Increase 1%	48,925	49,478	48,925	49,478
Decrease 1%	(48,925)	(49,478)	(48,925)	(49,478)

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty under a financial instrument will default (in whole or in part) on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Consolidated Entity. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions. Concentrations of credit risk are minimised primarily by the investment manager carrying out all market transactions through recognised and creditworthy brokers and the monitoring of receivable balances. The Consolidated Entity's business activities do not necessitate the requirement for collateral as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit Risk (continued)

The credit quality of the financial assets are neither past due nor impaired and can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available with Standard & Poor's) or to historical information about counterparty default rates. The maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets as summarised below:

	2013	2012
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	\$
AA-	4,892,208	4,947,792
	4,892,208	4,947,792
Trade Receivables (due within 30 days)		
No external credit rating available	167,467	224,583

(d) Fair Value Measurements

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The following tables present the Consolidated Entity's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2013 categorised by the following levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- (ii) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- (iii) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
2013	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets at Fair Value through				
Profit or Loss:				
Listed Investments at Fair Value	6,076,676	-	-	6,076,676
Unlisted Investments at Fair Value	-	-	150,000	150,000
Units in unlisted FSP Equities Leaders Fund	-	6,831,098	-	6,831,098
2012				
Financial Assets at Fair Value through				
Profit or Loss:				
Listed Investments at Fair Value	9,459,181	-	-	9,459,181
Unlisted Investments at Fair Value	-	-	150,000	150,000
Units in unlisted FSP Equities Leaders Fund	-	5,562,232	-	5,562,232

The fair value of the unlisted FSP Equities Leaders Fund, is determined from unit price information provided by investment manager, FSP Equities Management Limited and as such this financial instrument is included in level 2. Investments in unlisted shares are considered level 3 investments as their fair value is unable to be derived from market data. The Directors assess the fair value of these investments based on information obtained from the companies directly.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(d) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Consolidated Entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Consolidated Entity has no borrowings. The Consolidated Entity's non-cash investments can be realised to meet trade and other payables arising in the normal course of business. The financial liabilities disclosed in the above table have a maturity obligation of not more than 30 days.

22. COMMITMENTS	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Not longer than one year	48,582	157,261
Longer than one year but not longer than five years		-
	48,582	157,261

The non-cancellable operating lease commitment is the Consolidated Entity's share of the office premises at Suite 1, 346 Barker Road, Subiaco, Western Australia, and includes all outgoings (exclusive of GST). The lease is for a one year term expiring 30 June 2014.

23. CONTINGENCIES

The Consolidated Entity does not have any contingent assets or liabilities.

24. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- (a) Subsequent to balance date and to 23 August 2013, the Consolidated Entity
 - (i) Realised \$3.132 million from the sale of listed securities; and
 - (ii) Invested a further \$3.321 million in listed securities.
- (b) On 30 August 2013, the Company announced its intention to seek shareholder approval to undertake a one cent per share return of capital (Return of Capital). The Return of Capital is to be effected by the Company seeking shareholder approval for a reduction in the share capital of the Company by returning one cent per share to shareholders - this equates to an aggregate reduction of share capital by approximately \$0.733 million based upon the Company's 73,350,541 shares currently on issue. No shares will be cancelled as a result of the Return of Capital. Accordingly, the number of shares held by each shareholder will not change as a consequence of the Return of Capital. The Return of Capital will have no effect on the number of shares on issue. The Return of Capital is subject to shareholder approval, which will be sought at the upcoming 2013 Annual General Meeting scheduled for late November 2013. Meeting documentation advising details of the meeting together with relevant explanatory materials will be despatched to shareholders and sent to the ASX in due course. The meeting documentation will include details of the record date for determining eligibility to participate in the Return of Capital and the expected payment date, assuming the requisite resolution is passed by shareholders. If all conditions are met, including shareholder approval, the Directors aim to have Return of Capital paid in early December 2013.

for the year ended 30 June 2013

24. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (continued)

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial year that significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Consolidated Entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity in future financial years.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements, comprising the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Cash Flows, Statement of Changes in Equity, and accompanying notes as set out on pages 26 to 56 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001
 - comply with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory (a) professional reporting; and
 - give a true and fair view of the Company's and Consolidated Entity's financial position as at (b) 30 June 2013 and of their performance for the year ended on that date;
- In the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to 2. pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- The Remuneration Report disclosures set out (within the Directors' Report) on pages 19 to 22 (as the 3. audited Remuneration Report) comply with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001;
- The Directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 4. by the Executive Chairman (the person who, in the opinion of the Directors, performs the Chief Executive Officer function) and Company Secretary (the person who, in the opinion of the Directors, performs the Chief Financial Officer function); and
- 5. The Company has included in the notes to the Financial Statements an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors made pursuant to section 295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Farooq Khan Chairman

30 August 2013



Tel: +8 6382 4600 Fax: +8 6382 4601 www.bdo.com.au

38 Station Street Subiaco, WA 6008 PO Box 700 West Perth WA 6872 Australia

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BENTLEY CAPITAL LIMITED

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Bentley Capital Limited, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of Bentley Capital Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd ABN 79 112 284 787 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of BDO (Australia) Ltd ABN 77 050 110 275, an Australian company limited by guarantee. BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd and BDO (Australia) Ltd are members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by guarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation (other than for the acts or omissions of financial services licensees) in each State or Territory other than Tasmania



Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial report of Bentley Capital Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001;
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2013. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Bentley Capital Limited for the year ended 30 June 2013 complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

BDO

Chris Burton Director

Perth, Western Australia Dated this 30th day of August 2013

INVESTMENT MANDATE

The Investment Objectives of Bentley are to:

- Achieve a high real rate of return over the medium term, ideally comprising both income and capital growth, whilst operating within acceptable risk parameters set by the Board; and
- Deliver a regular income stream for shareholders in the form of franked dividends.

1. **INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

Bentley will implement an actively managed investment strategy undertaking investments typically into one of two broad investment categories:

- Strategic Investments; and
- Non-strategic Investments.

Bentley will not allocate a fixed proportion of funds into each or any of the above investment categories, as it believes that complete flexibility to invest across these categories is key to maximising medium-term value growth for shareholders.

For each strategic and non-strategic investment, Bentley will expect to receive a level of return that is commensurate with the level of risk associated with such investment. In each investment and for the investment portfolio in aggregate, Bentley will at least aim to achieve a return that is consistently in excess of an appropriate benchmark share index and or a return which could be earned from investments in cash, bills of exchange or negotiable instruments drawn or endorsed by a bank, nonbank financial institution or a government.

Strategic Investments (a)

Bentley will seek to undertake investments in which it can reasonably expect to exert a degree of influence, including board representation or through playing an active role alongside management in order to enhance or realise shareholder value.

Investments will include those that have the potential for turnaround in profitability or capital appreciation through the introduction of new management, capital, improved business practices, industry rationalisation, and/or improved investor relations.

Strategic investments by their nature will rely heavily on Bentley's ability to identify, attract and exploit unique opportunities.

Non-Strategic Investments (b)

Bentley will seek to make non-strategic investments in entities where attractive

investment opportunities develop due to market sentiment or mispricing or where Bentley sees other potential for generating positive returns. In contrast to strategic investments, with non-strategic investments Bentley does not envisage that it will take an active role in the management of the investment.

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION

In executing its Investment Strategy, Bentley may, from time to time, hold a high proportion of net assets in cash, preferring to be patient and selective rather than filling its investment portfolio with mediocre or underperforming investments for the sake of becoming "fully-invested".

Bentley will not be limited to the principles of broad diversification; in other words, Bentley may invest a significant proportion of funds in any single investment that represents an exceptional opportunity.

INVESTMENTS

Investments may be made by Bentley in Australia and overseas and into any underlying industry, business or sector, in accordance with Bentley's stated Investment Objectives and Strategies.

In pursuit of the Investment Objectives and execution of the Investment Strategies outlined above, Bentley will have absolute discretion in applying its equity and any debt funds to a universe or range of potential investments in assets, businesses, securities, hybrid securities, cash, bills of exchange, other negotiable investments, debentures and other investments and structures.

MANAGEMENT OF INVESTMENTS

Bentley's investment decisions are carried out by its Investment Committee, which currently comprises Executive Chairman, Farooq Khan and Company Secretary, Victor Ho (in conjunction with external consultants and advisers where appropriate). Executive Director, William Johnson was a member of the Investment Committee until he transitioned to Non-Executive Director on 25 March 2013. If it believed that it is in the best interests of Bentley, the Board may choose to delegate part or all of the responsibility for making investment decisions to an external investment manager, subject to the investment manager having appropriate capabilities, experience and the necessary Australian Financial Services Licence(s).

SECURITIES INFORMATION

as at 30 June 2013

DISTRIBUTION OF FULLY PAID, ORDINARY SHARES

Spread	of	Holdings	Number of Holders	Number of Shares	% of Total Issued Capital
1	_	1,000	254	123,787	0.169%
1,001	-	5,000	745	2,287,353	3.118%
5,001	-	10,000	382	2,768,941	3.775%
10,001	-	100,000	533	14,277,451	19.465%
100,001	-	and over	72	53,893,009	73.473%
Total			1,986	73,350,541	100%

Substantial Shareholders	Registered Shareholder	Number of Shares held	Voting Power (as at 30 June 2013)
Data Base Systems Limited (DBS) and Ambreen Chaudhri	DBS	11,717,586	15.98%(1)
Orion Equities Limited (OEQ)	OEQ	20,513,783	27.97%
Queste Communications Ltd (QUE)	QUE	1,740,625	30.34%(2)
	OEQ	20,513,783	
Mr Azhar Chaudhri, Renmuir Holdings	QUE	1,740,625	30.34%(3)
Limited and Chi Tung Investments Ltd	OEQ	20,513,783	JU.34 /0(4)

Notes:

- (1) Based on the substantial shareholding notice filed by DBS and Ambreen Chaudhri dated 15 May 2012
- (2) Based on the substantial shareholding notice filed by QUE dated 15 October 2009
- (3) Based on the substantial shareholding notice filed by Azhar Chaudhri dated 2 May 2012

SECURITIES INFORMATION

as at 30 June 2013

TOP TWENTY ORDINARY FULLY PAID SHAREHOLDERS

Rank	Shareholder	Total Shares Held	% Issued Capital
1	ORION EQUITIES LIMITED	20,513,783	27.967
2	DATA BASE SYSTEMS LTD	11,717,586	15.975
3	3RD PULITANO INCORPORATION PTY LTD	1,876,164	2.558
4	QUESTE COMMUNICATIONS LTD	1,740,625	2.373
5	CHARLES W ROCKEFELLER PTY LTD	1,568,432	2.138
6	MR JOHN ROBERT DILLON	1,489,019	2.030
7	MR COLIN JOHN VAUGHAN & MRS ROBIN VAUGHAN	887,945	1.211
8	BLUEDALE PTY LTD	598,332	0.816
9	AVENUE ATHOL PTY LTD	536,046	0.731
10	MON NOMINEES PTY LTD	525,000	0.716
11	MR MICHAEL BRUCE SMITH & MRS KAY SMITH	481,044	0.656
12	BERGER EQUITIES PTY LTD	460,000	0.627
13	LEIBLER SUPERANNUATION NOMINEES PTY LTD	457,743	0.624
14	MANAR NOMINEES PTY LTD	390,773	0.533
15	BOND STREET CUSTODIANS LIMITED	376,121	0.513
16	MR BENJAMIN KOPPEL & MRS SARAH KOPPEL	373,227	0.509
17	AVANTEOS INVESTMENTS LIMITED	354,687	0.484
18	KJ & ML GILROY PTY LTD	350,000	0.477
19	MRS KERRY ELIZABETH DRAFFIN	337,465	0.460
20	KALAFMEL PTY LIMITED	278,721	0.380
TOTAL		45,312,713	61.778%